# **CHAPTER 8: FLATHEAD SOLE**

by

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### **Executive Summary**

The following changes have been made to this assessment relative to the November 2005 SAFE:

#### Changes in the Input Data

- 1) The 2005 catch data was updated and the 2006 catch through 30 September, 2006 was added to the assessment.
- 2) The 2006 fishery length compositions, based on observer data, were added to the assessment. Fishery length compositions from previous years (1990-2005) were recalculated.
- 3) The 2004 and 2005 fishery age compositions, based on observer data, were added to the assessment. Fishery age compositions from previous years were recalculated.
- 4) The estimated survey biomass and standard error from the combined 2006 EBS Trawl Survey and the 2006 AI Trawl Survey were added to the assessment.
- 5) Sex-specific length compositions from the 2006 EBS Trawl Survey were added to the assessment. Survey length compositions from previous years were recalculated.
- 6) The age composition from the 2005 EBS Trawl Survey was added to the assessment. Survey age compositions from previous years were recalculated.
- 7) The mean bottom temperature from the 2006 EBS trawl survey was added to the assessment.

#### Changes in the Assessment Model

No changes were made to the structure of the assessment model. However, the approach used to calculate contributions to the overall likelihood by age and length compositions was slightly different from that used in previous assessments. Also, in contrast to previous assessments, a model assuming no stock-recruit relationship, as opposed to one assuming a Ricker-type relationship, was selected as best fitting the data in model comparisons.

#### Changes in Assessment Results

1) The recommended ABC, based on an  $F_{40\%}$  (0.305) harvest level, is 79,246 t for 2007 and 77,164 t for 2008.

2) The OFL, based on an  $F_{35\%}$  (0.373) harvest level, is 95,268 t for 2007 and 92,778 t for 2008.

3) Projected female spawning biomass is 274,214 t for 2007 and 260,551 t for 2008.

4) Projected total biomass (age 3+) is 874,918 t for 2007 and 876,125 t in 2008.

A summary of the 2006 assessment recommended ABCs relative to the 2005 recommendations is as follows:

•	2006 Assessment	2005 Assessment
_	Recommendations for 2007	Recommendations for 2006
Total biomass (Age 3+)	846,000 t	636,298 t
Female Spawning Biomass	274,214 t	203,452 t
ABC	79,246 t	59,794 t
Overfishing	95,268 t	71,764 t
F <sub>ABC</sub>	$F_{40\%} = 0.305$	$F_{40\%} = 0.296$
Foverfishing	$F_{35\%} = 0.373$	$F_{35\%} = 0.362$

#### SSC Comments Specific to the Flathead Sole Assessment

SSC Comment: "Continued declines in the survey biomass of Bering flounder could be cause for concern."

Author response: Survey biomass of Bering flounder in 2006 was 13,870 t, up almost 50% from 2005 (7,288 t). This is about half of the maximum biomass found by the trawl survey (27,412 in 1991). While this may not allay current concerns, it is not cause for *additional* concern.

SSC Comment: "The SSC requests that the assessment authors attempt to evaluate the relative productivity of the two species in the next assessment."

Author response: The only data currently available for Bering flounder age and growth is from a trawl survey collection made in 1985. This data was considered by Walters and Wilderbuer (1997) when they addressed the potential ramifications of including demographic data for Bering flounder in the flathead sole assessment. As such, the 2006 EBS Trawl Survey was requested to make a special collection of Bering flounder demographic data (otoliths and weights) to revisit the original growth model. The survey collected otoliths from 140 fish that await processing for age determination. This data should be available prior to the next assessment. In addition, we are also developing a two-species population/assessment model to address this issue.

SSC Comment: "The SSC requests that the assessment authors explore the survey data on spatial distributions of the flathead sole vs. Bering flounder to evaluate whether the fishery is likely to have differential impacts on the two species."

Author response: Maps of the spatial distribution of flathead sole and Bering flounder from the 2004-2006 EBS Trawl Surveys are included in this assessment, as well as maps of the distribution of fishing effort for 2004-2006. It appears from visual comparison of these maps that there is relatively little spatial overlap between Bering flounder and flathead sole (at least within the standard trawl survey area), or between Bering flounder and the major concentrations of fishing effort.

#### SSC Comments on Assessments in General

SSC comment: The SSC requested standardizing units along the axes of phase-plane diagrams of relative harvest rate vs. biomass, suggesting a quad plot based on  $F/F_{35\%}$  vs.  $B/B_{35\%}$ .

Author response: We have followed the SSC's recommendation.

### Introduction

The flathead sole (*Hippoglossoides elassodon*) is distributed from northern California, off Point Reyes, northward along the west coast of North America and throughout Alaska (Hart 1973). In the northern part of its range it overlaps with the related and morphologically similar Bering flounder (*Hippoglossoides robustus*) whose range extends north to the Chukchi Sea and into the western Bering Sea. The two species are very similar morphologically, but differ in demographic characteristics and spatial distribution. Differences between the two species were described by Walters and Wilderbuer (1997), who illustrated the possible ramifications of combining demographic information from the two species. Bering flounder exhibited slower growth and smaller maximum size when compared with flathead sole, and fish of the same size could possibly be 3 years different in age for the two species. Although Bering flounder typically represent less than 3% of the total survey biomass for *Hippoglossoides* sp, combining the two species increases the uncertainty in estimates of life-history and population parameters. We feel there has been increasing accuracy in species identification in the EBS trawl survey during recent years. The fisheries observer program, however, provides little information regarding Bering flounder. For the purposes of this section, then, these two species are combined under the heading "*Hippoglossoides* sp."

*Hippoglossoides* sp. are managed as a unit stock in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands and were formerly a constituent of the "other flatfish" SAFE chapter. In June 1994, the Council requested the Plan Team to assign a separate ABC for flathead sole (*Hippoglossoides* sp.) in the BSAI, rather than combining flathead sole (*Hippoglossoides* sp.) with other flatfish as in past assessments. This request was based on a change in the directed fishing standards to allow increased retention of flatfish.

# **Catch History**

Prior to 1977, catches of *Hippoglossoides* sp. were combined with the species of the "other flatfish" category, which increased from around 25,000 t in the 1960s to a peak of 52,000 t in 1971. At least part of this apparent increase was due to better species identification and reporting of catches in the 1970s. After 1971, catches declined to less than 20,000 t in 1975. Catches during 1977-89 averaged 5,286 t. Since 1990, annual catches have averaged 17,072 t (Table 8.1).

Although flathead sole (*Hippoglossoides* sp.) receives a separate ABC and TAC, it is still managed in the same Prohibited Species Catch (PSC) classification as rock sole and "other flatfish" and it receives the same apportionments and seasonal allowances of bycatch of prohibited species. In recent years, the flathead sole fishery has been closed prior to attainment of the TAC due to the bycatch of halibut (Tables 8.2-3). In 2006, as with most previous years, seasonal closures due to halibut bycatch constraints occurred in the first and second quarters, and the annual halibut allowance was reached in late summer.

Substantial amounts of flathead sole are discarded overboard in various eastern Bering Sea target fisheries (Table 8.3). Based on data from the NMFS Regional Office Catch Accounting System, approximately 28% of the catch was discarded in 2003, with 33% of the discards coming in the Pacific cod fishery, 23% in the flathead sole fishery, and 21% in the yellowfin sole fishery. The overall discard rate increased in 2004 to 31%, but decreased in 2005 to 24%. In 2006, the overall was discard rate was 25%, with 52% of the discards occurring in the Pacific cod fishery, 17% occurring in the flathead sole fishery, and 16% in the pelagic walleye pollock fishery.

The spatial distribution of annual flathead sole catch by bottom trawl gear in the Bering Sea is shown in Figure 8.1a for 2004-2006 and by quarter for 2006 in Figure 8.1b. Catches occur consistently in four principal areas on the shelf: an eastward-stretching band north of Unimak Island, east of the Pribilof

Canyon on the shelf, northwest of the Pribilof Canyon 20-40 km inshore of the shelf break, and near the shelf edge east of St. Matthew Island.

The NPFMC is considering action on an amendment designed to address bycatch and non-AFA groundfish (Amendment 80). This amendment will allow a more rational use of bycatch allocations across fisheries and sectors. The implications of this action on the catch of flathead sole are difficult to predict. Fishing sectors may be able to fully utilize more valuable flatfish by reducing bycatch of flathead sole. Alternatively, more rational use of PSC limits may allow flatfish seasons to remain open, enabling full utilization of the flathead TAC.

### Data

#### Fishery Catch, Catch-at-Length and Catch-at-Age Data

This assessment uses fishery catches from 1977 through 30 September, 2006 (Table 8.1), estimates of the fraction of animals caught annually by length group and sex for the years 1977-1999, 2002, 2003, and 2006 (Table 8.4), and estimates of the fraction of animals caught annually by age class and sex for 2000, 2001, 2004 and 2005 (Table 8.5). The sample sizes associated with the age and length samples from the fishery are shown in Tables 8.6.

#### Survey Data

Because *Hippoglossoides* sp. are often taken incidentally in target fisheries for other species, CPUE from commercial fisheries seldom reflects trends in abundance for flathead sole and Bering flounder. It is therefore necessary to use research vessel survey data to assess the condition of these stocks. Bottom trawl surveys are conducted annually by NOAA Fisheries on the shelf in the Eastern Bering Sea (EBS) using a fixed grid of stations. Survey data is also available from triennial/biennial surveys conducted by NOAA Fisheries Service in the Aleutian Islands (AI; 1980, '83, '86, '91, '94, '97, 2000, '02, '04, and '06).

This assessment uses survey estimates of total biomass for the years 1982-2006 (Figure 8.2 and Table 8.7) as inputs to the assessment model. Survey-based estimates of total biomass use an "area-swept" approach and implicitly assume a catchability of 1. Although surveys were conducted prior to 1982, the survey gear changed after 1981 and, as in previous assessments (Spencer et al. 2004), only the data from 1982 to the present are used. A linear regression between EBS and AI survey biomass in years when both surveys were conducted is used to predict the Aleutian Islands biomass in years in which an AI survey was not conducted. Since the early 1980s, estimated *Hippoglossoides* sp. biomass based on the survey approximately quadrupled to the 1997 peak estimate of 819,365 t (Figure 8.2). Estimated biomass then declined to 408,093 t in 2000 before increasing to 645,405 t in 2006. The 2006 survey estimate represents a 4% increase over that from the 2005 survey (620,381 t).

Although survey-based estimates of total biomass assume a catchability of 1, previous assessments for flathead sole and other BSAI flatfish have identified a relationship between bottom temperature and survey catchability (Wilderbuer et al. 2002; Spencer et al., 2004; Stockhausen et al., 2005). Bottom temperatures are hypothesized to affect survey catchability by affecting either stock distributions and/or the activity level of flatfish. The spatial distribution of flathead sole has been shown to shift location in conjunction with shifts in the location of the cold pool (Figure 8.3). This relationship was investigated in a previous assessment for flathead sole (Spencer et al., 2004) by using the annual temperature anomalies from data collected at all survey stations as a covariate of survey selectivity. Model results from that assessment indicated positive utility for this approach and it has been used subsequently (Stockhausen et al., 2005). During the 2006 EBS trawl survey, bottom temperatures were particularly cold compared with the last few years (Table 8.8, Figure 8.4) and the cold pool extended well to the south along the so-called "middle domain" of the continental shelf (Figure 8.5). This would be expected to have a substantial

effect on survey catchability for this year. Flathead sole also appear to have altered their spatial distribution in response to the extended cold pool in 2006. Areas of high survey abundance in the southern EBS shifted from the middle shelf in 2004 and 2005 to the outer shelf in 2006 (Figure 8.6a).

Survey length compositions by sex, the fraction of animals caught by 2 cm length bin, are included in the assessment for 1984-91, 1993-94, 1996-99, 2001-02 and 2006 (Table 8.9). Although survey length compositions are available from 1982-2006 without break, we do not use length compositions from the same year that age composition data is available, as this would be "double counting" data used to estimate model parameters. Survey age compositions by sex, the fraction of animals caught by age class, are included in the assessment for 1982, '85, '92, '95, 2000 and 2003-05 (Table 8.10). Sample sizes are shown in Table 8.11. Although age compositions are available for 1993 and 1994, the sample sizes (number of individuals or hauls) associated with these data are deemed to be marginal at best and were thus excluded.

#### Length, Weight and Age Information

Length, weight and age information were taken from a previous assessment (Spencer et al., 2004). In that assessment, sex-specific length-at-age curves were estimated from survey data using a procedure designed to reduce potential sampling-induced biases. Mean lengths-at-age had different temporal trends, so sex-specific von Bertalanffy growth curves were fit to mean length-at-age data using all available years (1982, '85, '92, '94, '95 and 2000; Figure 8.7). The parameters values are given in the following table:

	von Ber	talanffy grov	wth parameters	
Sex	$t_0$	$L_{\infty}$	K	
Male	-0.27	37.03	0.19	
Female	-1.24	50.35	0.10	

The  $L_{\infty}$  estimates of 37 cm and 50 cm for males and females, respectively, are somewhat lower than those obtained in previous assessments that used a potentially biased approach (40 cm and 55 cm, respectively; Spencer et al., 2003).

A length–weight relationship of the form  $W = a L^b$  was fit to survey data from 1982-2004, with parameter estimates a = 0.00326 and b = 3.3 applying to both sexes (weight in g, length in cm). Application of the length-weight relationship to the predicted size at age from the von Bertalanffy relationships yielded weight-at-age relationships (Figure 8.8).

In summary, the data for flathead sole used in the assessment model are:

- 1) Total catch weight, 1982-2006;
- 2) Fishery length composition, 1982-99, 2002-03, 2006;
- 3) Fishery age composition, 2000-01 and 2004-05;
- 4) Survey biomass and standard error, 1982-2006;
- 5) Survey age composition 1982, 1985, 1992, 1995, 2000, and 2003-05;
- 6) Survey length composition, 1983-84,1986-91,1993-94,1996-99, 2001-02, and 2006.
- 7) Survey bottom temperature anomalies, 1982-2006.

## **Analytical Approach**

#### Model Structure

The assessment model has a length-based formulation, which is underlain by a split-sex, age-based model. Sex-specific transition matrices ( $\Phi_x$ ) are used to convert selectivity-at-length to selectivity-at-age, and to convert the predicted catch- and numbers-at-age to catch- and numbers-at-length.

An age-structured, split-sex population dynamics model is used to obtain estimates of recruitment, numbers at age, and catch at age for each sex. Population size in numbers at age a in year t for sex x is modeled as

$$N_{x,t,a} = N_{x,t-1,a-1} e^{-Z_{x,t-1,a-1}} \qquad 4 \le a \le A, \quad 1977 \le t \le T$$

where Z is the sum of the instantaneous fishing mortality rate  $(F_{x,t,a})$  and the natural mortality rate  $(M_x)$ , A is the maximum number of ages in the population, and T is the terminal year of the analysis (2006). The numbers at age A are a "pooled" group consisting of fish of age A and older, and are estimated as

$$N_{x,t,A} = N_{x,t-1,A-1} e^{-Z_{x,t-1,A-1}} + N_{x,t-1,A} e^{-Z_{x,t-1}}$$

Numbers-at-age in the first year are modeled to be in equilibrium with an historical catch of 1500 t, requiring estimation of an historic recruitment parameter ( $R_{hist}$ ) and an historic fishing mortality rate ( $f_{hist}$ ).

Recruitment is taken as the number of age-3 fish entering the population. Recruits are modeled as

$$R_t = f(S_{t-a_R})e^{v_t}$$

where  $R_t$  represents age 3 recruits in year t, f(S) is the form of the stock-recruitment function, S is spawning stock size,  $\nu$  is random error, and  $a_R$  is the age at recruitment. The number of recruits is divided equally between males and females.

The efficacy of estimating productivity directly from the spawning stock/recruitment results (as opposed to using an SPR proxy) was examined in the 2004 assessment by comparing results from fitting either the Ricker or Beverton-Holt forms of stock-recruit curves within the model (Spencer et al. 2004). Spencer et al. (2004) found that the Ricker function yielded a better fit to the data than did the Beverton-Holt function. In this assessment, we reassessed the utility of using the Ricker stock-recruit curve by comparing the performance of the overall assessment model to one in which recruitment was independent of stock size.

When recruitment is taken as independent of stock size, the recruitment function f(S) is simply a constant, and is parameterized in the model using

$$f(S_t) = e^{\overline{\ln R}}$$

where  $\ln R$  is the mean of the natural log of recruitment. Fitting this model requires one parameter  $(\ln R)$ .

When recruitment is assumed to follow a Ricker curve, the functional form stock recruitment curve is

$$f(S_t) = \alpha S_t e^{-\beta S}$$

where  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are parameters corresponding to density-dependent and density-independent processes, respectively. A convenient reparameterization expresses the original stock-recruitment curve as function of  $R_0$  (the recruitment associated with an unfished stock, or  $S_0$ ) and a dimensionless steepness parameter h(the proportion of  $R_0$  attained when the stock size is 20% of  $S_0$ ). For the Ricker curve, this reparameterization is achieved by the following substitutions for  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ :

$$\alpha = \frac{(5h)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{\phi}$$
 and  $\beta = \frac{5\ln(5h)}{4\phi R_0}$ 

where  $\phi$  is the spawner-per-recruit associated with no fishing, a constant dependent upon size-at-age, proportion mature-at-age, and natural mortality. Fitting this model requires two parameters ( $R_0$  and h).

Wilderbuer et al. (2002) found that the density dependence implicit in the Ricker model was statisticallysignificant for flathead sole in the Bering Sea when they fit stock-recruit models that included environmental terms. However, they also found that wind-driven advection to favorable nursery grounds corresponded to years of above average recruitment, and these years coincided with years of low spawning stock biomass. Thus, potential physical mechanisms influencing recruitment strength are confounded with potential density dependent mechanisms in the time series data for flathead sole. Consequently, although it is possible to estimate  $F_{msy}$  once a spawner-recruit relationship is given, we do not presently consider this estimate reliable given the confounding of competing mechanisms to drive recruitment success. As a result, flathead sole should remain in Tier 3 for setting ABCs and status determination.

The fishing mortality rate for a specific age and time ( $F_{t,a}$ ) is modeled as the product of a fishery agespecific selectivity function ( $s_{x,a}^F$ ) and a year-specific fully-selected fishing mortality rate  $f_t$ . The fully selected mortality rate is modeled as the product of a mean ( $\mu_f$ ) and a year-specific deviation ( $\varepsilon_t$ ), thus  $F_{x,t,a}$  is

$$F_{x,t,a} = s_{x,a}^F f_t \equiv s_{x,a}^F e^{(\mu_f + \varepsilon_t)}$$

The fishery selectivity-at-age  $(s_{x,a}^F)$  is obtained from the selectivity-at-length  $(s_{x,l}^F)$  and the sex-specific age-length transition matrix  $\Phi_{x,a,l}$ , where  $\Phi_{x,a,l}$  indicates the proportion of each age (rows) in each length group (columns) for each sex; the sum over length across each age is equal to one. Because of growth differences between the sexes, there is a separate transition matrix and age-based selectivity vector for each sex. The selectivity-at-age vector is computed from the fishery selectivity-at-length vector  $(s_{x,a}^F)$  as

$$s_{x,a}^F = \sum_{l} \mathbf{\Phi}_{x,a,l} \, s_{x,l}^F$$

Finally, the selectivity at length vector, assumed identical for each sex, is modeled as

$$s_{x,l}^{F} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\alpha_{L}^{F}(l - \beta_{50}^{F})}}$$

where the parameter  $\alpha_L^F$  affects the steepness of the curve and the parameter  $\beta_{50}^F$  is the length at which  $s_{x,l}^F$  equals 0.5. There are 24 length bins ranging from 6 to 58 cm, and 19 age groups ranging from 3 to 21+. The age- and length-based selectivities for the survey,  $s_{x,a}^S$  and  $s_{x,l}^S$ , are modeled in an analogous manner with corresponding parameters  $\alpha_L^S$  and  $\beta_{50}^S$ .

The mean numbers-at-age for each year and sex are computed as

$$\overline{N}_{x,t,a} = N_{x,t,a} (1 - e^{-Z_{x,t,a}}) / Z_{x,t,a}$$

The age-length transition matrix and the vector of mean numbers-at-age are used to compute the vector of mean numbers-at-length, by sex and year, as

$$\overline{N}_{x,t,l} = \sum_{a} \overline{N}_{x,t,a} \, \mathbf{\Phi}_{x,a,k}$$

The vector of mean numbers at length is used to compute the catch as

$$C_{x,t,l} = \overline{N}_{x,t,l} \, s_{x,l}^F \, f_t$$
$$\hat{C}_t = \sum C_{x,t,l} W_{x,l}^F$$

where  $C_{x,t,l}$  represents the number of sex x fish caught in length-bin l during year t,  $W_{x,l}^F$  represents the sex-specific length-weight relationship for the fishery, and  $\hat{C}_t$  is the predicted catch from the model.

In an analogous fashion, the predicted survey biomass  $(\hat{B}_t^S)$  is computed as

$$\hat{B}_t^S = q_t^S \sum \overline{N}_{x,t,l} \, s_{x,l}^S \, W_{x,l}^S$$

where  $q_t^S$  is the trawl survey catchability for year *t* and  $W_{x,l}^S$  represents the sex-specific length-weight relationship for the survey.

The effect of mean bottom temperature during a trawl survey on survey catchability is modeled as  $s = \frac{\alpha_{a} + \beta_{a} \tau_{a} - \beta_{a}^{2} \sigma_{a}^{2}}{2}$ 

$$q_t^S = e^{\alpha_q + \beta_q \tau_t - \beta_q^2 \sigma_\tau^2 / 2}$$

where the survey catchability in year t is an exponential function of the temperature anomaly  $\tau$  in year t,  $\sigma_{\tau}$  is the standard deviation of the temperature anomalies, and the parameters  $\alpha_q$  and  $\beta_q$  are potentially estimable within the model. The term  $\beta_q^2 \sigma_{\tau}^2/2$  is subtracted in order to produce a mean survey selectivity of  $\exp(\alpha_q)$ . In practice, it has been found that  $\alpha_q$  was not estimable from the data and is fixed at 0.0, corresponding to a mean survey selectivity of 1.0 (consistent with previous assessments).

Finally, age composition data are assumed to be unbiased, but with some aging error. The distribution of read ages around the "true" age is assumed to be normal with a variance of 0.02 times the true age, resulting in a coefficient of variation of 0.14. The vector of the mean number of fish by age available to the survey is multiplied by the aging error matrix in order to produce the observed survey age compositions.

#### Estimation of maximum sustainable yield

If a Ricker model is appropriate, maximum sustainable yield can be estimated within the assessment model.  $F_{msy}$  for flathead sole is estimated using the Ricker stock recruitment curve based upon the post-1977 year classes. Briefly, a stock recruitment curve is fit to the available data, from which an equilibrium level of recruitment is solved for each level of fishing mortality. A yield curve (identifying equilibrium yield as a function of fishing mortality) is generated by multiplying equilibrium recruitment by yield-per-recruit (YPR), where both terms in this product are functions of fishing mortality. The maximum sustainable yield is identified as the point where the derivative of the yield curve is zero, and the fishing mortality associated with MSY is  $F_{msy}$ .

For the Ricker curve, the equilibrium recruitment at a particular level of fishing mortality is

$$R_{eq} = \frac{-\ln\left(\frac{1}{\alpha\phi}\right)}{\phi\beta}$$

where  $\phi$  is the spawner-per-recruit (SPR) associated with a particular level of fishing mortality, and is a function of size-at-age, proportion mature-at-age, fishing selectivity, and fishing mortality. The sustainable yield for a level of fishing mortality is  $R_{eq}$ \*YPR, where YPR is the yield per recruit. MSY and  $F_{msy}$  are then obtained by finding the fishing mortality rate where yield is maximized; this was

accomplished by using the numerical Newton-Raphson technique to solve for the derivative of the yield curve. As noted above, we currently do not have confidence in the estimate of  $F_{msy}$  generated by this approach (Spencer et al. 2004).

#### Parameters Estimated Independently

The parameters estimated independently include the age error matrix, the sex-specific, age-length transition matrices ( $\Phi_x$ ), individual weights-at-age and weights-at-length for the survey ( $W_{x,l}^s$ ) and the

fishery  $(W_{x,l}^F)$ , the mean survey catchability  $\alpha_q$  (as described above), natural mortality (*M*), and the

proportion mature at age. The age error matrix was taken directly from the Stock Synthesis model used in assessments prior to 2004. The methodology for obtaining individual weights-at-age from the trawl survey data was described above. The natural mortality rate M was fixed at 0.2 for both sexes, consistent with previous assessments. The mean survey selectivity parameter  $\alpha_q$  was fixed at 0.0, producing a mean value of survey selectivity of 1.0. The maturity curve for flathead sole was updated based upon the research in Stark (2004), which found a length at 50% maturity of 320.2 mm.

#### Parameters Estimated Conditionally

Parameter estimation was facilitated by comparing the model output to several observed quantities, such as the age compositions of the survey, length composition of the fishery and survey catches, the survey biomass, and the catch biomass. The general approach was to assume that deviations between model estimates and observed quantities were attributable to observation error and could be described with statistical distributions. Each data component provided a contribution to a total log-likelihood function, and parameter values that minimized the log-likelihood were selected.

The log-likelihood of the recruitments were modeled with a lognormal distribution

$$\lambda^{R} \sum_{t} \frac{\left(v_{t} + \frac{\sigma^{2}}{2}\right)^{2}}{2\sigma^{2}} + n \ln(\sigma)$$

where  $\lambda^{R}$  is a multiplier for the likelihood,  $\sigma$  is a parameter representing the standard deviation of recruitment, respectively, on a log scale. The adjustment of adding  $\sigma^{2}/2$  to the deviation was made to correct for bias and produce deviations from the mean, rather than the median, recruitment. As in the previous assessment,  $\sigma$  was held fixed at 0.5.

The log-likelihoods of the fishery and survey age and length compositions were modeled with a multinomial distribution. The log of the multinomial function (excluding constant terms) for the fishery length composition data, with the addition of a term that scales the likelihood, was

$$\lambda^{F,L} \sum_{x,t,l} n_{x,t}^{F,L} \left( p_{x,t,l}^F \ln(\hat{p}_{x,t,l}^F) - p_{x,t,l}^F \ln(p_{x,t,l}^F) \right)$$

where  $\lambda^{F,L}$  is a weighting factor for the likelihood,  $n_{x,t}^{F,L}$  is the sample size associated with each length composition, and  $p_{x,t,l}^F$  and  $\hat{p}_{x,t,l}^F$  are the observed and estimated proportions-at-length in the fishery by sex, year and length. The likelihood for the age proportion in the fishery ( $p_{x,t,a}^F$ ) and the age and length proportions in the survey ( $p_{x,t,a}^S$  and  $p_{x,t,l}^S$ , respectively) follow similar equations.

The log-likelihood of the survey biomass was modeled with a lognormal distribution:

$$\lambda^{B} \sum_{t} \frac{\left(\ln(B_{t}^{S}) - \ln(\hat{B}_{t}^{S})\right)^{2}}{2 c v_{t}^{2}}$$

where  $\lambda^{B}$  is a weighting factor for the likelihood,  $B_{t}^{S}$  is the observed survey biomass at time *t*, and  $cv_{t}$  is the coefficient of variation of the survey biomass in year *t*.

The log-likelihood of the catch biomass was modeled with a lognormal distribution:

$$\lambda^{C} \sum_{t} \left( \ln(C_{t}) - \ln(\hat{C}_{t}) \right)$$

where  $\lambda^{C}$  is a weighting factor for the likelihood and  $C_{t}$  and  $\hat{C}_{t}$  are the observed and predicted catch in year *t*, respectively. The catch biomass was considered to be observed with higher precision than other variables, therefore  $\lambda^{C}$  was given a very high weight so as to fit the catch biomass nearly exactly. This can be accomplished by varying the *F* levels, and the deviations in *F* are not included in the overall likelihood function.

Consequently, the overall negative log-likelihood function to be minimized was

$$\begin{aligned} \ln(L) &= \lambda^{C} \sum_{t} \left( \ln(C_{t}) - \ln(\hat{C}_{t}) \right)^{2} + \\ \lambda^{B} \sum_{t} \frac{\left( \ln(B_{t}^{S}) - \ln(\hat{B}_{t}^{S}) \right)^{2}}{2 c v_{t}^{2}} + \\ \lambda^{R} \sum_{t} \frac{\left( v_{t} + \frac{\sigma^{2}}{2} \right)^{2}}{2 \sigma^{2}} + n \ln(\sigma) + \\ \lambda^{F,L} \sum_{x,t,a} n_{x,t}^{F,L} \left( p_{x,t,l}^{F} \ln(\hat{p}_{x,t,l}^{F}) - p_{x,t,l}^{F} \ln(p_{x,t,l}^{F}) \right) + \\ \lambda^{F,A} \sum_{x,t,a} n_{x,t}^{F,A} \left( p_{x,t,a}^{F} \ln(\hat{p}_{x,t,a}^{F}) - p_{x,t,a}^{F} \ln(p_{x,t,a}^{F}) \right) + \\ \lambda^{S,L} \sum_{x,t,a} n_{x,t}^{S,L} \left( p_{x,t,l}^{S} \ln(\hat{p}_{x,t,a}^{S}) - p_{x,t,a}^{S} \ln(p_{x,t,l}^{S}) \right) + \\ \lambda^{S,A} \sum_{x,t,a} n_{x,t}^{S,A} \left( p_{x,t,a}^{S} \ln(\hat{p}_{x,t,a}^{S}) - p_{x,t,a}^{S} \ln(p_{x,t,a}^{S}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

For the models run in this analysis,  $\lambda^{C}$  was assigned a value of 50 to ensure a close fit to the observed catch data while  $\lambda^{R}$  and  $\lambda^{B}$  were assigned values of 1. The *n*'s in the age and length composition likelihood components were all set to 200, as in previous assessments. It was found, however, in preliminary testing that de-emphasizing the fishery age and length compositions relative to those from the survey improved model convergence somewhat. As a consequence,  $\lambda^{S,A}$  and  $\lambda^{S,L}$  were assigned values of 1 and  $\lambda^{F,L}$  and  $\lambda^{F,A}$  were assigned values of 0.3 (the *n*'s appropriately would have been equivalent). The negative log-likelihood function was minimized by varying the following parameters:

Parameter type	Number
1) fishing mortality mean $(\mu_f)$	1
2) fishing mortality deviations ( $\varepsilon_t$ )	30
3) recruitment mean	1
4) recruitment deviations ( $v_i$ )	30
5) historic fishing mortality ( <i>f</i> <sub>hist</sub> )	1
6) historic mean recruitment $(R_{hist})$	1

7) fishery selectivity parameters	2
8) survey selectivity parameters	2
9) survey catchability parameters	1
Total parameters	69

Finally, a Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) algorithm was used to obtain estimates of parameter uncertainty (Gelman et al. 1995). 500,000 MCMC simulations were conducted, with every 1,000th sample saved for the sample from the posterior distribution. Ninety-five percent confidence intervals were produced using the values corresponding to the 5<sup>th</sup> and 95<sup>th</sup> percentiles of the MCMC evaluation. For this assessment, MCMC confidence intervals are presented for total biomass, spawning biomass, and recruitment strength.

### **Model evaluation**

*Likelihoods for age and length compositions: truncation/accumulation/rescaling* In the 2004 and 2005 assessments, a truncation/accumulation/rescaling (TAR) procedure was used to alter both the observed and predicted age and length compositions from the survey and the fishery to emulate a similar process in SS2. In this procedure, the last 4 bins in the age or length composition were simply truncated (set to zero). The first bin in each age compositions was also truncated. The first two bins, then, in an age or length composition were accumulated into the 3<sup>rd</sup> bin and the first two bins were set to zero. The age/length compositions were then rescaled to sum to 1 (by sex). An identical TAR procedure was performed on the predicted age/length compositions prior to calculating the respective likelihood components. While there may be some utility to this process under certain circumstances, it appears to have the potential to introduce unwanted bias into estimates of the selectivity functions and to complicate model convergence. As a consequence, we modified the assessment model code to make using this procedure an option, not a requirement. The models evaluated below were run with the TAR procedure turned off. This issue will be further investigated using simulated data.

#### Alternative models

We considered four alternative models, representing various combinations of stock-recruit models and survey catchability models, in this assessment:

Alternative Model Name	Stock-Recruit Model	Survey Catchability Model	# of parameters
No SR, Constant Q	recruitment independent of stock	constant q	68
No SR, TDQ	recruitment independent of stock	temperature-dependent q	69
Ricker, Constant Q	Ricker	constant q	70
Ricker, TDQ	Ricker	temperature-dependent q	71

We considered two stock-recruitment models: one in which recruitment was independent of stock size (indicated as "No SR") and one in which recruitment was related to spawning stock size by a Ricker-type model. We also considered two models for survey catchability: one in which survey catchability was a constant (independent of temperature) and one in which survey catchability was influenced by bottom temperature. The last model listed above was identical to the final model selected in the previous assessment.

All four models were run using the same input data set, model constants, and likelihood multipliers. All four models produced rather similar results. The "best" model was selected using Akaike's Information Criterion (AIC; Akaike 1973), where

$$AIC = -2\ln(L) + 2K$$

In this equation *L* is the model likelihood and *K* is the number of fitted model parameters. Using AIC, the model that "best" represents the data is the one with the smallest AIC.

The results of the four models are summarized in the following table:

Model	# of parameters	-ln( <i>L</i> )	AIC	Evidence Ratio
No SR, Constant Q	68	1452.29	3,046.58	0.08
No SR, TDQ	69	1448.72	3,041.44	1.00
Ricker, Constant Q	70	1448.18	3,050.02	0.01
Ricker, TDQ	71	1452.01	3,044.36	0.23

Of the four models, the "No SR, TDQ" model, with no stock-recruit relationship but with temperaturedependent survey catchability, yielded the smallest AIC. Because AIC is an information-based criteria for model selection, it also provides a scaling (the "evidence ratio") for the relative likelihood that one model is the correct choice, vis-à-vis a second model. In the table above, the evidence ratio is presented showing the likelihood that a model is correct relative to that of the model with the smallest AIC. Based on this scale, the "No SR, TDQ" model is about 4 times more likely to be correct than the model with the next smallest AIC (the "Ricker, TDQ" model). In addition, the "No SR, TDQ" model is about 10 times more likely than the "No SR, Constant Q" model to be correct. For each stock-recruit model, the assessment model incorporating temperature-dependent catchability is much more likely than the model with constant Q to be correct. For each catchability model, the assessment model incorporating recruitment independent of stock size is somewhat more likely than the model incorporating a Ricker function to be correct.

The utility of including temperature anomaly data as a covariate when fitting the survey biomass trend can be seen in the Figure 8.9, which compares the survey fits between the "No SR, Constant Q" and "No SR, TDQ" models. An interesting feature of the results is that in many of the years before 1998 the direction of the yearly change in the predicted survey biomass using temperature-dependent catchability is opposite the direction of yearly change in the observed survey. In contrast, modeling temperature-dependent catchability does provide a slightly better fit to the relatively low biomass in 1999 and the higher biomasses from 2002 and 2003-04. In contrast, the fit to this model is worse than the model with no temperature dependence in 2003 (when anomalously warm conditions were found during the survey) and 2006 (when anomalously cold conditions were found during the survey). However, as in the previous assessment, a significant reduction in the negative log-likelihood was achieved with the inclusion of the additional parameter to fit the temperature anomalies, and this model fit was used for the subsequent analyses.

The effect of using a Ricker stock-recruit curve, rather than assuming that stock size and recruitment are independent, on estimated recruitment is shown in Figure 8.10, which compares estimated recruitment vs. spawning stock biomass for the "Ricker, TDQ" and "No SR, TDQ" models described previously. Although the Ricker function yields a slightly better fit than assuming that recruitment is independent of stock size, the difference in the contribution to the negative log-likelihood (-1.522 for the Ricker SR

function, -1.518 for the "No SR" assumption) is so small that selecting the more complex Ricker function is not justified.

## **Model Results**

Model parameters from the selected alternative model ("No SR, TDQ") are listed in Table 8.12. The fishery and survey selectivity curves corresponding to the estimated parameters are shown in Figure 8.11. The fishery shows little selectivity for flathead sole less that 30 cm, but high selectivity above 40 cm. Selectivity for the trawl survey extends to smaller sizes than in the fishery, but increases with size much more gradually than with the fishery.

The model fit to reported catches is shown in Figure 8.12. The fit is nearly exact because of the high relative weight that was applied to the catch likelihood.

The model provided a good fit to the survey size compositions for the past 10 years for females and males, as shown in Figures 8.13-14. Reasonable fits also resulted for fishery size composition observations (Figures 8.15-16) and the survey age compositions (Figures 8.17-18). The fits to the fishery age composition are shown in Figures 8.19-20. The best fit to the size and age composition data was achieved with the survey length compositions, which resulted in an average effective n of 256 and 198 for females and males, respectively, corresponding to input weights of 200. The fishery age compositions produced the lowest effective samples sizes: 77 and 80, for females and males respectively. The effective sample sizes for the remaining data types were near 90.

Estimated total biomass (ages 3+) increased from a low of 128,600 t in 1977 to a peak of 1,108,100 t in 1994 (Figure 8.21, Table 8.13). Since 1994, estimated total biomass has declined to an estimated value of 845,990 t for 2006. Female spawning biomass shows a similar trend, although the peak value (364,931 t) occurred in 1998 (Figure 8.21, Table 8.13).

The changes in stock biomass are primarily a function of recruitment, as fishing pressure has been relatively light. The estimated recruitment at age 3 has generally been higher during the early portion of the data series, averaging 1.2 billion for the 1974-1989 year classes but 0.78 billion for the 1997-2003 year classes (Figure 8.22, Table 8.13). These results remain consistent with Wilderbuer et al.'s (2002) hypothesis that shoreward-directed winds during spawning seasons in the 1980's led to enhanced recruitment via larval advection toward favorable nearshore settlement habitats, while seaward-blowing winds in the 1990's led to reduced recruitment through transport of larvae away from nearshore settlement habitats.

The fully-selected fishing mortality estimates remain small, and have averaged 0.043 from 1996 to 2005 (Figure 8.23). The time series of estimated fishing mortality rates and spawning stock biomass estimates relative to the harvest control rule is shown in Figure 8.24, which indicates that the flathead sole stock has been below its  $F_{40\%}$  level, and above its  $B_{40\%}$  level, since 1986.

# **Projections and Harvest Alternatives**

The reference fishing mortality rate for flathead sole is determined by the amount of reliable population information available (Amendment 56 of the Fishery Management Plan for the groundfish fishery of the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands). Estimates of  $F_{40\%}$ ,  $F_{35\%}$ , and  $SPR_{40\%}$  were obtained from a spawner-per-recruit analysis. Assuming that the average recruitment from the 1977-2003 year classes estimated in this assessment represents a reliable estimate of equilibrium recruitment, then an estimate of  $B_{40\%}$  is calculated as the product of  $SPR_{40\%}$  times the equilibrium number of recruits; this quantity is 145,257 t. The year 2006 spawning stock biomass is estimated as 284,512 t. Since reliable estimates of the 2006 spawning

biomass (*B*),  $B_{40\%}$ ,  $F_{40\%}$ , and  $F_{35\%}$  exist and 2006  $B > B_{40\%}$ , the flathead sole reference fishing mortality is defined in Tier 3a. For this tier,  $F_{ABC}$  is constrained to be  $\leq F_{40\%}$ , and  $F_{OFL}$  is defined to be  $F_{35\%}$ . The values of these quantities are:

2006 SSB estimate (B)	=	284,512 t
$B_{40\%}$	=	145,257 t
$F_{40\%}$	=	0.305
$F_{ABC}$	$\leq$	0.305
$F_{35\%}$	=	0.373
$F_{OFL}$	=	0.373

The estimated catch level for year 2007 associated with the overfishing level of F = 0.373 is 95,268 t. Because the flathead sole stock has not been overfished in recent years and the stock biomass is relatively high, it is not recommended to adjust  $F_{ABC}$  downward from its upper bound; thus, the year 2007 recommended ABC associated with  $F_{ABC}$  of 0.305 is 79,246 t.

A standard set of projections is required for each stock managed under Tiers 1, 2, or 3 of Amendment 56. This set of projections encompasses seven harvest scenarios designed to satisfy the requirements of Amendment 56, the National Environmental Policy Act, and the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (MSFCMA).

For each scenario, the projections begin with the vector of 2006 numbers at age estimated in the assessment. This vector is then projected forward to the beginning of 2007 using the schedules of natural mortality and selectivity described in the assessment and the best available estimate of total (year-end) catch for 2006. In each subsequent year, the fishing mortality rate is prescribed on the basis of the spawning biomass in that year and the respective harvest scenario. In each year, recruitment is drawn from an inverse Gaussian distribution whose parameters consist of maximum likelihood estimates determined from recruitments estimated in the assessment. Spawning biomass is computed in each year based on the time of peak spawning and the maturity and weight schedules described in the assessment. Total catch is assumed to equal the catch associated with the respective harvest scenario in all years. This projection scheme is run 1000 times to obtain distributions of possible future stock sizes, fishing mortality rates, and catches.

Five of the seven standard scenarios will be used in an Environmental Assessment prepared in conjunction with the final SAFE. These five scenarios, which are designed to provide a range of harvest alternatives that are likely to bracket the final TAC for 2007, are as follows ("max  $F_{ABC}$ " refers to the maximum permissible value of  $F_{ABC}$  under Amendment 56):

*Scenario 1*: In all future years, *F* is set equal to max  $F_{ABC}$ . (Rationale: Historically, TAC has been constrained by ABC, so this scenario provides a likely upper limit on future TACs.)

Scenario 2: In all future years, F is set equal to a constant fraction of max  $F_{ABC}$ , where this fraction is equal to the ratio of the  $F_{ABC}$  value for 2006 recommended in the assessment to the max  $F_{ABC}$  for 2005. (Rationale: When  $F_{ABC}$  is set at a value below max  $F_{ABC}$ , it is often set at the value recommended in the stock assessment.)

Scenario 3: In all future years, F is set equal to 50% of max  $F_{ABC}$ . (Rationale: This scenario provides a likely lower bound on  $F_{ABC}$  that still allows future harvest rates to be adjusted downward when stocks fall below reference levels.)

Scenario 4: In all future years, F is set equal to the 2001-2005 average F. (Rationale: For some stocks, TAC can be well below ABC, and recent average F may provide a better indicator of  $F_{TAC}$  than  $F_{ABC}$ .)

*Scenario 5*: In all future years, *F* is set equal to zero. (Rationale: In extreme cases, TAC may be set at a level close to zero.)

The recommended  $F_{ABC}$  and the maximum  $F_{ABC}$  are equivalent in this assessment, and five-year projections of the mean harvest and spawning stock biomass for the remaining four scenarios are shown in Table 8.14.

Two other scenarios are needed to satisfy the MSFCMA's requirement to determine whether the flathead sole stock is currently in an overfished condition or is approaching an overfished condition. These two scenarios are as follows (for Tier 3 stocks, the MSY level is defined as  $B_{35\%}$ ):

Scenario 6: In all future years, F is set equal to  $F_{OFL}$ . (Rationale: This scenario determines whether a stock is overfished. If the stock is expected to be above its MSY level in 2007, then the stock is not overfished.)

Scenario 7: In 2007 and 2008, *F* is set equal to max  $F_{ABC}$ , and in all subsequent years, *F* is set equal to  $F_{OFL}$ . (Rationale: This scenario determines whether a stock is approaching an overfished condition. If the stock is expected to be above its MSY level in 2019 under this scenario, then the stock is not approaching an overfished condition.)

The results of these two scenarios indicate that the BSAI flathead sole stock is neither overfished nor approaching an overfished condition. With regard to assessing the current stock level, the expected spawning stock size in the year 2007 of scenario 6 is 265,038 t, over two times larger than its  $B_{35\%}$  value of 127,100 t. With regard to whether the stock is likely to be in an overfished condition in the near future, the expected stock size in the year 2019 of scenario 7 is 137,085, 1.08 times larger than  $B_{35\%}$ . Thus, the stock is not approaching an overfished condition.

Estimating an ABC and OFL for 2008 is somewhat problematic as these values depend on the catch that will be taken in 2007. Because the actual catch taken in the BSAI flathead sole fishery has been substantially smaller than the TAC for the past several years, we assumed that a reasonable estimate of the catch to be taken in 2007 is the average catch taken in the recent past—we used the average catch for 2001-2005 (16,222 t). Using this value and the estimated population size at the start of 2007 from the model, we projected the stock ahead through 2007 and calculated the ABC and OFL for 2008. The ABC for 2008 is estimated to be 77,164 t while the OFL is estimated to be 92,778. Total biomass for 2008 is estimated at 876,125 t, while female spawning biomass is estimated at 260,551.

# **Ecosystem Considerations**

### Ecosystem effects on the stock

#### Prey availability/abundance trends

Results from an Ecopath-like model based on stomach content data collected in the early 1990's indicate that flathead sole occupy an intermediate trophic level in the eastern Bering Sea ecosystem (Figure 8.25). They feed upon a variety of species, including juvenile walleye pollock and other miscellaneous fish, brittlestars, polychaetes, and crustaceans (Figure 8.26). The proportion of the diet composed of fish appears to increase with flathead sole size (Lang et al., 2003). The population of walleye pollock has fluctuated but has remained relatively stable over the past twenty years. Information is not available to assess the abundance trends of the benthic infauna of the Bering Sea shelf. The original description of

infaunal distribution and abundance by Haflinger (1981) resulted from sampling conducted in 1975 and 1976 and has not be re-sampled since.

Over the past 20 years many flatfish populations that occupy the middle shelf of the eastern Bering Sea have increased substantially in abundance, leading to concern regarding the action of potential density-dependent factors. Walters and Wilderbuer (2000) found density-dependent changes in mean length for age-3 northern rock sole during part of that stock's period of expansion, but similar trends in size have not been observed for flathead sole (Spencer et al., 2004). Most of the large populations of flatfish that have occupied the middle shelf of the Bering Sea over the past twenty years for summertime feeding do not appear to be food-limited. These populations have fluctuated due to variability in recruitment success— in which climatic factors or pre-recruitment density dependence may play important roles (Wilderbuer et al., 2002). However, this suggests that the primary infaunal food source has been at an adequate level to sustain the flathead sole resource.

Comparison of maps of survey biomass for flathead sole (Figure 8.6a) and Bering flounder (Figure 8.6b) suggest little spatial overlap between the two species, at least within the area covered by the standard EBS trawl survey, for 2004 and 2005. In these years, Bering flounder appear to be concentrated north of St. Matthew's Island in the middle of the continental shelf while the nearest concentrations of flathead sole are to the south and west closer to the edge of the continental shelf. On the other hand, there appears to be substantial overlap of Bering flounder by flathead sole in 2006, with the highest concentration of Bering flounder in the survey area contiguous with a high concentration of flathead sole to the west of St. Matthew's. While 2006 was an anomalously cold year during the trawl survey, these results suggest that the potential for substantial competition between the two morphologically-similar species exists, although it may be only intermittent.

McConnaughy and Smith (2000) compared the diet between areas with high survey CPUE to that in areas with low survey CPUE for a variety of flatfish species. For flathead sole, the diet in high CPUE areas consisted largely of echinoderms (59% by weight; mostly ophiuroids), whereas 60% of the diet in the low CPUE areas consisted of fish, mostly pollock. These areas also differed in sediment types, with the high CPUE areas consisting of relatively more mud than the low CPUE areas, and McConnaughy and Smith (2000) hypothesized that substrate-mediated food habits of flathead sole are influenced by energetic foraging costs.

#### Predator population trends

The dominant predators of adult flathead sole are Pacific cod and walleye pollock (Figure 8.27). Pacific cod, along with skates, also account for most of the predation upon flathead sole less than 5 cm (Lang et al. 2003). Arrowtooth flounder, Greenland turbot, walleye pollock, and Pacific halibut comprised other predators. Flathead sole contributed a relatively minor portion of the diet of skates from 1993-1996, on average less than 2% by weight, although flatfish in general comprised a more substantial portion of skates greater than 40 cm. A similar pattern was seen with Pacific cod, where flathead sole generally contribute less than 1% of the cod diet by weight, although flatfish in general comprised up to 5% of the diet of cod greater than 60 cm. Based upon recent stock assessments, both Pacific cod and skate abundance have been relatively stable since the early 1990s. However, there is a good deal of uncertainty concerning predation on flathead sole given that, according to the model, almost 80% of the predation mortality that flathead sole experience is from unexplained sources.

There is some evidence of cannibalism for flathead sole. Stomach content data collected from 1990 indicate that flathead sole were the most dominant predator, and cannibalism was also noted in 1988 (Livingston et al. 1993).

#### Changes in habitat quality

The habitats occupied by flathead sole are influenced by temperature, which has shown considerable variation in the eastern Bering Sea in recent years. For example, the timing of spawning and advection to nursery areas are expected to be affected by environmental variation. Flathead sole spawn in deeper waters near the margin of the continental shelf in late winter/early spring and migrate to their summer distribution of the mid and outer shelf in April/May. The distribution of flathead sole, as inferred by summer trawl survey data, has been variable. In 1999, one of the coldest years in the eastern Bering Sea, the distribution was shifted further to the southeast than it was during 1998-2002. Bottom temperatures during the 2006 summertime EBS Trawl Survey were also remarkably cold (Table 8.11, Fig.s 8.4 and 8.5). Visual inspection of the spatial distributions of flathead sole from the 2004-2006 trawl surveys (Figure 8.6a) suggests that, in response to the expanded cold pool in 2006, flathead sole may have reduced the extent of their on-shelf summertime feeding migration and remained concentrated along the continental margin.

#### Fishery effects on the ecosystem

Prohibited species catches in the flathead sole-directed fishery decreased from 2004 to 2005 for halibut and salmon, but increased for crabs (Table 8.15). Both the total prohibited species catch of halibut and the catch relative to that of flathead sole decreased substantially from 2004 to 2005. In absolute terms, the catch of halibut decreased from 632,041 t in 2004 to 357,379 t in 2005. The absolute catch of flathead sole in the fishery slightly decreased from 2004 to 2005, so the change in halibut catch was not as dramatic relative to the total catch of flathead sole in the directed fishery, decreasing from 65 kg halibut per t of flathead sole in 2004 to 39 kg/t in 2005. The prohibited species catch of salmon also decreased from 2004 to 2005 in both absolute and relative terms. In absolute terms, the catch of salmon decreased by over a factor of 7 from 2,867 individuals in 2004 to 483 individuals in 2005. In relative terms, the catch decreased from 0.30 salmon/t flathead sole to 0.05. In contrast with halibut and salmon, the prohibited species catch of Tanner and king crabs increased substantially from 2004 to 2005, increasing from 292,650 individuals in 2004 to 393,789 individuals in 2005. In relative terms, the catch of crab decreased from 30 individuals per ton of flathead sole in 2004 to 0.05 individuals per ton in 2005.

For non-prohibited species, the non-flathead sole species with the largest catch was pollock in both 2004 and 2005 (Table 8.16). The catch of pollock constituted 18% of the total catch taken in the flatheaddirected fishery in 2004 and 55% in 2004. Arrowtooth flounder was the next most-caught species (13% of the total catch taken in the flathead sole-directed fishery in 2004 and 11% in 2005).

The flathead sole fishery is not likely to diminish the amount of flathead sole available as prey due to its low selectivity for fish less than 30 cm. Additionally, the fishery is not suspected of affecting the size-structure of the population due to the relatively light fishing mortality, averaging 0.06 over the last 5 years. It is not known what effects the fishery may have on the maturity-at-age of flathead sole.

Comparing the spatial distributions of Bering flounder (Figure 8.6b) from the trawl survey and the spatial patterns of fishing effort from the fishery (Figure 8.1a) indicates little overlap between them in 2004 and 2005. In 2006, however, part of the fishery does indeed appear to be concentrated in the same area that Bering flounder are (west of St. Matthew Island). This coincides with substantial overlap between concentrations of Bering flounder and flathead sole, as well. Whether this type of overlap occurs only in anomalously cold years (as 2006 was but 2004 and 2005 were not) is unknown.

### Data gaps and research priorities

The amount of age data available for the fishery is minimal (4 years: 2000, 2001, 2004 and 2005), and future assessments would undoubtedly benefit from more fishery age compositions. Several hundred individuals have generally been sampled by fishery observers each year for the past decade, but reading

flathead otoliths has not been a high priority task for the age readers at the Alaska Fisheries Science Center. Although the situation with survey age compositions is not quite so dire (8 years of data), it would also be desirable to have several more years of survey age data. Additional age data should improve future stock assessments by allowing improved estimates of individual growth and age-length transition matrices, and by filling in missing years with age composition data.

The current model includes one environmental covariate (mean survey bottom temperature) that affects survey catchability. The model should be enhanced to incorporate other types of environmental correlates and effects, such as predator biomass on natural mortality rates or oceanographic transport patterns on recruitment. Candidate correlates (e.g., Pacific cod biomass) and population processes should be identified and evaluated.

A concerted effort is also being made to acquire more data on the Bering flounder component of the flathead sole fishery. Current models for length-at-age and weight-at-age are based on data collected in 1985. No maturity data is available. During the 2006 EBS Trawl Survey, 140 otoliths were collected from Bering flounder to update length-at-age and length-at-weight models for this species. We intend to collect additional data during the 2007 EBS Trawl Survey. Also, we (in collaboration with J. Stark, AFSC) have submitted a special project for fisheries observers to collect maturity samples. In conjunction with a two-species population model being developed for flathead sole and Bering flounder, this new data will better allow us to determine the effects of "lumping" Bering flounder together with flathead sole in the current assessment model. Finally, species distribution maps and maps of fishing effort such as those included here provide a tool to evaluate the degree of spatial overlap between flathead sole and Bering flounder, and between Bering flounder and the fishery. Results presented herein suggest that the degree of overlap may be minimal in most years, but substantial in particularly cold years. Maps from years prior to 2004 need to be created and examined to determine the temporal variability in this phenomenon.

# Summary

In summary, several quantities pertinent to the management of the BSAI flathead sole are:

Tier	3a	
Reference mortality rates M F <sub>35%</sub> F <sub>40%</sub>	0.20 0.373 0.305	
Equilibrium female spawning biomass B <sub>100%</sub> B <sub>40%</sub> B <sub>35%</sub>	363,144 t 145,257 t 127,100 t	
<b>Current biomass</b> Year 2006 Total Biomass (age 3+) Year 2006 Spawning stock biomass	845,990 t 284,512 t	
<b>Projected biomass</b> Female spawning biomass Total biomass (age 3+)	<b>2007</b> 274,214 t 874,918 t	<b>2008</b> 260,551 t 876,125 t
<b>Fishing rates</b> $F_{OFL}$ Maximum $F_{ABC}$ Recommended $F_{ABC}$	0.373 0.305 0.305	
Harvest limits OFL ABC (maximum allowable) ABC (recommended)	<b>2007</b> 95,268 t 79,246 t 79,246 t	<b>2008</b> 92,778 t 77,164 t 77,164 t

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# Tables

Table 8.1. Harvest (t) of *Hippoglossoides* sp. from 1977-2006.

Year	Catch (t)
1977	7,909
1978	6,957
1979	4,351
1980	5,247
1981	5,218
1982	4,509
1983	5,240
1984	4,458
1985	5,636
1986	5,208
1987	3,595
1988	6,783
1989	3,604
1990	20,245
1991	14,197
1992	14,407
1993	13,574
1994	17,006
1995	14,713
1996	17,344
1997	20,681
1998	24,597
1999	18,555
2000	20,422
2001	17,809
2002	15,572
2003	14,184
2004	17,394
2005	16,151
2006*	16,571

\* NMFS Regional Office Catch Report through September 30, 2006.

Table 8.2. Restrictions on the flathead sole fishery from 1994 to 2006 in the BSAI management area. Unless otherwise indicated, the closures were applied to the entire BSAI management area. Zone 1 consists of areas 508, 509, 512, and 516; zone 2 consists of areas 513, 517, and 521.

Year	Dates	Bycatch Closure
1994	2/28 - 12/31	Red King crab cap (Zone 1 closed)
	5/7 - 12/31	Bairdi Tannner crab (Zone 2 closed)
	7/5 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
1995	2/21 - 3/30	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/17 - 7/1	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	8/1 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
1996	2/26 - 4/1	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/13 - 7/1	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	7/31 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
1997	2/20 - 4/1	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/12 - 7/1	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	7/25 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
1998	3/5 - 3/30	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/21 - 7/1	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	8/16 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
1999	2/26 - 3/30	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/27 - 7/04	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	8/31 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
2000	3/4 - 3/31	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/30 - 7/03	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	8/25 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
2001	3/20 - 3/31	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/27 - 7/01	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	8/24 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
2002	2/22 - 12/31	Red King crab cap (Zone 1 closed)
	3/1 - 3/31	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/20 - 6/29	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	7/29 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
2003	2/18 - 3/31	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/1 - 6/21	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	7/31 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
2004	2/24 - 3/31	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/16 - 6/30	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	7/31 - 9/3	Bycatch status
	9/4 - 12/31	Prohibited species status
2005	3/1 - 3/31	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/22 - 6/4	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	8/18 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance
2006	2/21 - 3/31	1 <sup>st</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	4/13 - 6/30	2 <sup>nd</sup> seasonal halibut cap
	8/8 - 12/31	Annual halibut allowance

Year	ABC	TAC	OFL	Total Catch	Retained	Discarded	Percent Retained
1995	138,000	30,000	167,000	14,713	7,520	7,193	51
1996	116,000	30,000	140,000	17,344	8,964	8,380	52
1997	101,000	43,500	145,000	20,681	10,859	9,822	53
1998	132,000	100,000	190,000	24,597	17,438	7,159	71
1999	77,300	77,300	118,000	18,555	13,757	4,797	74
2000	73,500	52,652	90,000	20,422	14,959	5,481	73
2001	84,000	40,000	102,000	17,809	14,436	3,373	81
2002	82,600	25,000	101,000	15,572	11,311	4,236	73
2003	66,000	20,000	81,000	14,184	9,926	3,866	72
2004	61,900	19,000	75,200	17,394	11,658	5,192	69
2005	58,500	19,500	70,200	16,151	12,263	3,888	76
2006	59,800	19,500	71,800	16,571*	12,997**	4,255**	75
2007***	56,600	22,000	67,900	-			

Table 8.3. ABC's, TAC's, OFL's, and total, retained, and discarded Hippoglossoides sp. catch (t), 1995-2006.

\*Regional Office Catch Accounting System data through Sept 30, 2006.
\*\*Regional Office Catch Accounting System data through Oct. 10, 2006.
\*\*Final 2006 - 2007 Alaska Groundfish Harvest Specification Tables (updated 9/19/06)

(http://www.fakr.noaa.gov/sustainablefisheries/specs06\_07/BSAItable1.pdf).

	58	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0020	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0019	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0010	0.0008	0.0007	0.0018	0.0006	0.0000	0.0002	10000
	55	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0081	0.0000	0.0052	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0011	0.0050	0.0000	0.0015	0.0003	0.0005	0.0001	0.0000	0.0011	0.0007	0.0016	0.0025	0.0000	0.0008	0.0000	10000
	52	0.0000	0.0004	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0087	0.0000	0.0032	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0002	0.0066	0.0015	0.0000	0.0019	0.0106	0.0053	0.0043	0.0031	0.0062	0.0047	0.0062	0.0064	0.0077	0.0043	0.0039	0.0023	00000
	49	0.0005	0.0005	0.0014	0.0006	0.0009	0.0000	0.0293	0.0026	0.0107	0.0000	0.0012	0.0020	0.0097	0.0127	0.0150	0.0423	0.0139	0.0500	0.0273	0.0230	0.0250	0.0524	0.0389	0.0372	0.0355	0.0325	0.0187	0.0155	0.0227	00000
	46	0.0016	0.0045	0.0197	0.0025	0.0100	0.0105	0.0835	0.0165	0.0235	0.0077	0.0047	0.0123	0.0333	0.0813	0.0465	0.0864	0.0540	0.0957	0.1195	0.1164	0.1008	0.1428	0.1043	0.0994	0.0906	0.0951	0.0750	0.0812	0.0895	
	43	0.0046	0.0204	0.0596	0.0170	0.0427	0.0418	0.1983	0.0517	0.0778	0.0332	0.0242	0.0379	0.0671	0.1851	0.1480	0.1815	0.1997	0.1751	0.2338	0.2339	0.1957	0.1930	0.1779	0.1485	0.1532	0.1669	0.1786	0.1845	0.1626	0000
	40	0.0309	0.0758	0.1260	0.0626	0.0898	0.0905	0.2855	0.1247	0.1999	0.0767	0.1250	0.0979	0.1231	0.2590	0.2165	0.2232	0.2528	0.2192	0.2188	0.2116	0.1976	0.2019	0.2205	0.1841	0.1899	0.2446	0.2609	0.1934	0.1803	
	38	0.0597	0.0865	0.1146	0.0731	0.0823	0.0689	0.1621	0.1477	0.1523	0.1202	0.1604	0.1143	0.1406	0.1856	0.1738	0.1609	0.1387	0.1491	0.1022	0.1394	0.1491	0.1260	0.1420	0.1282	0.1331	0.1557	0.1481	0.1209	0.1325	
	36	0.0892	0.1235	0.1107	0.0751	0.0923	0.0652	0.0948	0.1826	0.1362	0.1100	0.2311	0.1419	0.1510	0.1394	0.1147	0.1451	0.1082	0.1009	0.0920	0.1213	0.1268	0.1056	0.1069	0.1310	0.1364	0.1281	0.1202	0.1074	0.1462	
	34	0.1128	0.1491	0.0848	0.0683	0.1309	0.1255	0.0636	0.1409	0.0966	0.0870	0.2188	0.1618	0.1263	0.0633	0.0987	0.0789	0.0839	0.0686	0.0663	0.0822	0.0905	0.0773	0.0865	0.1117	0.0955	0.0821	0.0796	0.1003	0.0978	
	32	0.1334	0.1315	0.0567	0.0753	0.1697	0.1785	0.0343	0.0747	0.0718	0.0818	0.0926	0.1499	0.1099	0.0336	0.0726	0.0311	0.0644	0.0604	0.0618	0.0389	0.0493	0.0441	0.0585	0.0706	0.0660	0.0378	0.0453	0.0681	0.0686	
	30	0.1309	0.0917	0.0555	0.0901	0.1500	0.2006	0.0131	0.0585	0.0490	0.0946	0.0572	0.1087	0.0799	0.0141	0.0535	0.0243	0.0454	0.0312	0.0319	0.0150	0.0300	0.0224	0.0338	0.0454	0.0346	0.0209	0.0309	0.0506	0.0461	
	28	0.1025	0.0629	0.0550	0.1028	0.1020	0.1243	0.0056	0.0520	0.0406	0.0895	0.0407	0.0666	0.0569	0.0074	0.0376	0.0165	0.0171	0.0142	1610.0	0.0071	0.0149	0.0154	0.0135	0.0199	0.0358	0.0133	0.0164	0.0349	0.0330	
	26	0.0876	0.0550	0.0524	0.1110	0.0435	0.0609	0.0006	0.0327	0.0354	0.0614	0.0242	0.0338	0.0302	0.0048	0.0119	0.0007	0.0107	0.0132	0.0089	0.0035	0.0086	0.0075	0.0074	0.0083	0.0117	0.0044	0.0127	0.0214	0.0118	
	24	0.0565	0.0590	0.0589	0.1385	0.0137	0.0234	0.0069	0.0247	0.0310	0.0486	0.0118	0.0335	0.0272	0.0020	0.0044	0.0042	0.0064	0.0057	0.0042	0.0021	0.0060	0.0040	0.0023	0.0049	0.0041	0.0012	0.0052	0.0098	0.0048	
	22	0.0492	0.0554	0.0802	0.0964	0.0069	0.0068	0.0012	0.0341	0.0310	0.0691	0.0035	0.0159	0.0270	0.0022	0.0018	0.0000	0.0015	0.0011	0.0062	0.0002	0.0021	0.0010	0.0005	0.0018	0.0022	0.0029	0.0015	0.0052	0.0005	
	20	0.0606	0.0473	0.0673	0.0538	0.0130	0.0025	0.0025	0.0324	0.0178	0.0486	0.0041	0.0115	0.0124	0.0021	0.0014	0.0000	0.0014	0.0007	0.0021	0.0002	0.0003	0.0001	0.0000	0.0009	0.0017	0.0012	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008	
	18	0.0494	0.0226	0.0334	0.0254	0.0312	0.0000	0.0012	0.0114	0.0064	0.0537	0.0000	0.0083	0.0036	0.0000	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0005	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0010	0.0010	0.0001	0.0006	0.0003	
	16	0.0190	0.0095	0.0147	0.0062	0.0189	0.0000	0.0006	0.0071	0.0062	0.0153	0.0006	0.0026	0.0011	0.0005	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0005	0.0000	
	14	0.0082	0.0034	0.0079	0.0012	0.0014	0.0006	0.0000	0.0045	0.0017	0.0026	0.0000	0.0008	0.0004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0004	0.0000	0.0001	
	12	0.0027	0.0009	0.0010	0.0000	0.0009	0.0000	0.0000	0.0014	0.0015	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
s (cm)	10	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Length cutpoints (cm)	8	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Length	9	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
	year	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1661	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	

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Yind carred c		Length	Length cutpoints (cm)	ts (cm)																					
v 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0010 0010 0010 0010 0010 0010 0010 0010 0010 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	year	9	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	43	46	49	52	55	58
0000         0000 <th< th=""><th>1977</th><th>0.0000</th><th>0.0000</th><th>0.0000</th><th>0.0024</th><th>0.0066</th><th>0.0168</th><th>0.0470</th><th>0.0459</th><th>0.0437</th><th>0.0893</th><th>0.1676</th><th>0.2201</th><th>0.1976</th><th>0.1111</th><th>0.0386</th><th>0.0068</th><th>0.0018</th><th>0.0029</th><th>0.0020</th><th>0.0000</th><th>0.0000</th><th>0.0000</th><th>0.0000</th><th>0.0000</th></th<>	1977	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0024	0.0066	0.0168	0.0470	0.0459	0.0437	0.0893	0.1676	0.2201	0.1976	0.1111	0.0386	0.0068	0.0018	0.0029	0.0020	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0000         0000         0001         0001         0001         0001         0001         0001         0000 <th< td=""><td>1978</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0012</td><td>0.0074</td><td>0.0125</td><td>0.0331</td><td>0.0493</td><td>0.0703</td><td>0.0771</td><td>0.0828</td><td>0.1523</td><td>0.2224</td><td>0.1683</td><td>0.0859</td><td>0.0284</td><td>0.0067</td><td>0.0006</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0008</td><td>0.0006</td><td>0.0002</td><td>0.0000</td></th<>	1978	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0012	0.0074	0.0125	0.0331	0.0493	0.0703	0.0771	0.0828	0.1523	0.2224	0.1683	0.0859	0.0284	0.0067	0.0006	0.0000	0.0000	0.0008	0.0006	0.0002	0.0000
0000         0000 <th< td=""><td>1979</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0024</td><td>0.0155</td><td>0.0267</td><td>0.0386</td><td>0.0741</td><td>0.0843</td><td>0.0532</td><td>0.0544</td><td>0.0795</td><td>0.1426</td><td>0.2015</td><td>0.1379</td><td>0.0615</td><td>0.0207</td><td>0.0060</td><td>0.0006</td><td>0.0002</td><td>0.0002</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></th<>	1979	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0024	0.0155	0.0267	0.0386	0.0741	0.0843	0.0532	0.0544	0.0795	0.1426	0.2015	0.1379	0.0615	0.0207	0.0060	0.0006	0.0002	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0000         0000 <th< td=""><td>1980</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0002</td><td>0.0004</td><td>0.0044</td><td>0.0166</td><td>0.0435</td><td>0.0923</td><td>0.1141</td><td>0.0863</td><td>0.0961</td><td>0.1871</td><td>0.2253</td><td>0.1090</td><td>0.0204</td><td>0.0031</td><td>0.0011</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></th<>	1980	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0004	0.0044	0.0166	0.0435	0.0923	0.1141	0.0863	0.0961	0.1871	0.2253	0.1090	0.0204	0.0031	0.0011	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
00000         000000         00000         00000 <t< td=""><td>1981</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0018</td><td>0.0072</td><td>0.0341</td><td>0.0419</td><td>0.0109</td><td>0.0172</td><td>0.0338</td><td>0.0992</td><td>0.2214</td><td>0.2498</td><td>0.1747</td><td>0.0799</td><td>0.0181</td><td>0.0027</td><td>0.0045</td><td>0.0027</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></t<>	1981	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0018	0.0072	0.0341	0.0419	0.0109	0.0172	0.0338	0.0992	0.2214	0.2498	0.1747	0.0799	0.0181	0.0027	0.0045	0.0027	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0000         0000 <th< td=""><td>1982</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0052</td><td>0.0017</td><td>0.0087</td><td>0.0113</td><td>0.0295</td><td>0.0572</td><td>0.1525</td><td>0.2695</td><td>0.2409</td><td>0.1473</td><td>0.0485</td><td>0.0165</td><td>0.0052</td><td>0.0061</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></th<>	1982	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0052	0.0017	0.0087	0.0113	0.0295	0.0572	0.1525	0.2695	0.2409	0.1473	0.0485	0.0165	0.0052	0.0061	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0000         00000         0000 <t< td=""><td>1983</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0031</td><td>0.0131</td><td>0.0208</td><td>0.0664</td><td>0.1535</td><td>0.2276</td><td>0.2353</td><td>0.1721</td><td>0.0741</td><td>0.0208</td><td>0.0062</td><td>0.0023</td><td>0.0015</td><td>0.0015</td><td>0.0008</td><td>0.0008</td></t<>	1983	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0031	0.0131	0.0208	0.0664	0.1535	0.2276	0.2353	0.1721	0.0741	0.0208	0.0062	0.0023	0.0015	0.0015	0.0008	0.0008
00000         000000         00000         00000 <t< td=""><td>1984</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0014</td><td>0.0028</td><td>0.0037</td><td>0.0102</td><td>0.0394</td><td>0.0464</td><td>0.0399</td><td>0.0691</td><td>0.1048</td><td>0.1164</td><td>0.2004</td><td>0.2036</td><td>0.1048</td><td>0.0450</td><td>0.0093</td><td>0.0019</td><td>0.0005</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0005</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></t<>	1984	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0014	0.0028	0.0037	0.0102	0.0394	0.0464	0.0399	0.0691	0.1048	0.1164	0.2004	0.2036	0.1048	0.0450	0.0093	0.0019	0.0005	0.0000	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000
00000         000000         00000         00000 <t< td=""><td>1985</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0006</td><td>0.0016</td><td>0.0052</td><td>0.0071</td><td>0.0292</td><td>0.0451</td><td>0.0577</td><td>0.0752</td><td>0.0859</td><td>0.1147</td><td>0.1319</td><td>0.1588</td><td>0.1514</td><td>0.0771</td><td>0.0324</td><td>0.0055</td><td>0.0032</td><td>0.0045</td><td>0.0045</td><td>0.0052</td><td>0.0029</td></t<>	1985	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0006	0.0016	0.0052	0.0071	0.0292	0.0451	0.0577	0.0752	0.0859	0.1147	0.1319	0.1588	0.1514	0.0771	0.0324	0.0055	0.0032	0.0045	0.0045	0.0052	0.0029
0000         0000 <th< td=""><td>1986</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0031</td><td>0.0062</td><td>0.0217</td><td>0.0310</td><td>0.0588</td><td>0.1269</td><td>0.1610</td><td>0.1207</td><td>0.1362</td><td>0.1146</td><td>0.1238</td><td>0.0495</td><td>0.0402</td><td>0.0062</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></th<>	1986	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0031	0.0062	0.0217	0.0310	0.0588	0.1269	0.1610	0.1207	0.1362	0.1146	0.1238	0.0495	0.0402	0.0062	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.000         0.0000         0.000         0.000 <t< td=""><td>1987</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0008</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0017</td><td>0.0029</td><td>0.0080</td><td>0.0211</td><td>0.0333</td><td>0.0641</td><td>0.1032</td><td>0.2377</td><td>0.3030</td><td>0.1740</td><td>0.0455</td><td>0.0038</td><td>0.0008</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></t<>	1987	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0008	0.0000	0.0017	0.0029	0.0080	0.0211	0.0333	0.0641	0.1032	0.2377	0.3030	0.1740	0.0455	0.0038	0.0008	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0000<	1988	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0005	0.0036	0.0115	0.0166	0.0252	0.0541	0.0836	0.1301	0.2113	0.2370	0.1532	0.0548	0.0130	0.0050	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001<	1989	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0005	0.0066	0.0233	0.0386	0.0407	0.0798	0.1205	0.1594	0.1861	0.1776	0.1044	0.0386	0.0190	0.0040	0.0003	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0000         0.0001<	1990	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0003	0.0012	0.0000	0.0028	0.0046	0.0084	0.0124	0.0224	0.0406	0.0958	0.1742	0.2446	0.2118	0.1216	0.0325	0.0178	0.0078	0.0012	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0001         0.0001<	1661	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0005	0.0014	0.0027	0.0047	0.0100	0.0209	0.0542	0.0841	0.1251	0.2035	0.2567	0.1653	0.0630	0.0047	0.0019	0.0011	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001<	1992	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0079	0.0036	0.0392	0.0299	0.0279	0.0487	0.0745	0.0937	0.1234	0.1519	0.1675	0.1224	0.1085	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0013         0.0013         0.0011         0.0013         0.0011         0.0013         0.0011         0.0010         0.0013         0.0013         0.0011         0.0011         0.0011         0.0013<	1993	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0009	0.0021	0.0021	0.0003	0.0040	0.0082	0.0298	0.0605	0.0755	0.1503	0.2320	0.2349	0.1286	0.0537	0.0144	0.0027	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0000<	1994	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0001	0.0013	0.0017	0.0067	0.0144	0.0375	0.0742	0.1225	0.1629	0.1909	0.1765	0.1015	0.0552	0.0212	0.0131	0.0108	0.0071	0.0010	0.0011
0.0000         0.0000<	1995	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0007	0.0025	0.0062	0.0107	0.0217	0.0562	0.0857	0.1460	0.2038	0.2066	0.1458	0.0694	0.0294	0.0134	0.0020	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0000<	1996	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0011	0.0027	0.0054	0.0156	0.0276	0.0860	0.1743	0.2446	0.2326	0.1359	0.0551	0.0099	0.0048	0.0024	0.0012	0.0001	0.0006
0.0000         0.0001         0.0001<	1997	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0005	0.0003	0.0008	0.0026	0.0060	0.0181	0.0475	0.0752	0.1231	0.1956	0.1973	0.1727	0.1095	0.0466	0.0041	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0001         0.0001<	1998	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0006	0.0013	0.0043	0.0076	0.0239	0.0415	0.0859	0.1473	0.2160	0.2198	0.1551	0.0795	0.0126	0.0038	0.0006	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0001         0.0001<	1999	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0002	0.0012	0.0043	0.0085	0.0215	0.0519	0.0948	0.1466	0.2113	0.2015	0.1470	0.0876	0.0168	0.0056	0.0010	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000
0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0000         0.0001         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0010         0.0012         0.0014         0.0143         0.0143         0.0137         0.1370         0.2306         0.1471         0.0157         0.0014         0.0003         0.0001         0.0001         0.0012         0.0013         0.0014         0.0143         0.0133         0.1128         0.1376         0.1376         0.1371         0.1374         0.0157         0.0039         0.0011         0.0012         0.0013         0.0003<	2000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0012	0.0013	0.0040	0.0084	0.0264	0.0495	0.1198	0.1764	0.2111	0.1837	0.1183	0.0629	0.0198	0.0097	0.0038	0.0012	0.0013	0.0008
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0004 0.0001 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0014 0.0143 0.0143 0.0147 0.0456 0.0787 0.1370 0.2074 0.2306 0.1471 0.0784 0.0157 0.058 0.0014 0.0003 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0007 0.0007 0.0012 0.0012 0.0012 0.0013 0.0013 0.0012 0.0013 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0011 0.0013 0.0013 0.0013 0.0022 0.0145 0.0456 0.1122 0.1429 0.1856 0.1566 0.1563 0.0728 0.0112 0.0039 0.0012 0.0003 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0010 0.0010 0.0011 0.0013 0.0013 0.0013 0.0038 0.0114 0.0013 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0010 0.0010 0.0011 0.0013 0.0013 0.0013 0.0052 0.01429 0.1122 0.1429 0.1850 0.1988 0.1463 0.0698 0.0079 0.0020 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0003 0.0011 0.0056 0.0018 0.0014 0.0056 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0003 0.0011 0.0013 0.0056 0.0164 0.1122 0.1429 0.1850 0.1988 0.1463 0.0698 0.0079 0.0020 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0003 0.0011 0.0056 0.0016 0.0056 0.0016 0.0124 0.1250 0.1931 0.2043 0.1301 0.0675 0.0094 0.0026 0.0001 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0003 0.0010 0.0026 0.0010 0.0000 0.	2001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0005	0.0007	0.0008	0.0069	0.0063	0.0096	0.0196	0.0646	0.1084	0.1640	0.1984	0.1917	0.1346	0.0698	0.0119	0.0061	0.0025	0.0011	0.0007	0.0018
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0007 0.0007 0.0002 0.0015 0.0062 0.0145 0.0427 0.0535 0.0734 0.1128 0.2156 0.1363 0.0728 0.0112 0.0039 0.0012 0.0003 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0001 0.0012 0.0012 0.0035 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0001 0.0010 0.0011 0.0013 0.0038 0.0116 0.0356 0.01122 0.1429 0.1850 0.1988 0.1463 0.0698 0.0079 0.0020 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0013 0.0033 0.0014 0.0156 0.0152 0.1429 0.1850 0.1988 0.1463 0.0698 0.0079 0.0020 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0003 0.0011 0.0056 0.0086 0.0161 0.041 0.1296 0.1687 0.1931 0.2043 0.1301 0.0675 0.0094 0.0026 0.0001 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0003 0.0011 0.0056 0.0086 0.0161 0.0541 0.1296 0.1687 0.1931 0.2043 0.1301 0.0675 0.0094 0.0026 0.0001 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0003 0.0011 0.0055 0.0019 0.0026 0.0011 0.0056 0.0010 0.0000 0.	2002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0004	0.0001	0.0010	0.0010	0.0032	0.0104	0.0143	0.0217	0.0456	0.0787	0.1370	0.2074	0.2306	0.1471	0.0784	0.0157	0.0058	0.0014	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0001 0.0000 0.0010 0.0013 0.0038 0.0116 0.0362 0.0806 0.1122 0.1429 0.1850 0.1988 0.1463 0.0698 0.0079 0.0020 0.0005 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0003 0.0011 0.0056 0.0086 0.0161 0.1296 0.1687 0.1931 0.2043 0.1301 0.0675 0.0994 0.0026 0.0001 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0003 0.0011 0.0056 0.0086 0.0161 0.1296 0.1687 0.1931 0.2043 0.1301 0.0675 0.0994 0.0026 0.0001 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0003 0.0019 0.0026 0.0010 0.0000 0.0025 0.0025 0.0019 0.0025 0.0019 0.0026 0.0000 0.	2003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0007	0.0007	0.0002	0.0015	0.0062	0.0145	0.0427	0.0535	0.0734	0.1128	0.2156	0.2326	0.1563	0.0728	0.0112	0.0039	0.0012	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0003 0.0011 0.0036 0.0086 0.0161 0.0641 0.1296 0.1687 0.1931 0.2043 0.1301 0.0675 0.0094 0.0026 0.0006 0.0001 0.0000 0 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0025 0.0022 0.0038 0.0109 0.0291 0.0363 0.1006 0.1797 0.2052 0.1912 0.1425 0.0811 0.0106 0.019 0.0022 0.0002 0.0000 0	2004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0010	0.0013	0.0038	0.0116	0.0362	0.0806	0.1122	0.1429	0.1850	0.1988	0.1463	0.0698	0.0079	0.0020	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0002 0.0025 0.0028 0.0109 0.0291 0.0363 0.1006 0.1797 0.2052 0.1912 0.1425 0.0811 0.0106 0.0019 0.0022 0.0002 0.0000 0.0000	2005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0003	0.0011	0.0036	0.0086	0.0161	0.0641	0.1296	0.1687	0.1931	0.2043	0.1301	0.0675	0.0094	0.0026	0.0006	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
	2006	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0025	0.0022	0.0038	0.0109	0.0291	0.0363	0.1006	0.1797	0.2052	0.1912	0.1425	0.0811	0.0106	0.0019	0.0022	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000

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Fishery
le 8.4b.

Table 8.5a. Fishery age composition for flathead sole females.	5a. Fisl	hery age	compc	sition	for flath	iead sol	e femal	es.											
year	Age bin 3	4	ŝ	9	7	8	6	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
2000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0125	0.0030	0.0437	0.0554	0.0728	0.0671	0.0753	0.1443	0.0700	0.1089	0.0708	0.0807	0.0662	0.0662	0.0200	0.0433
2001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0082	0.0204	0.0235	0.0347	0.0577	0.0982	0.0940	0.0843	0.1099	0.0861	0.0827	0.0899	0.0437	0.0588	0.0365	0.0714
2004	0.0000	0.0061	0.0402	0.0943	0.0578	0.0663	0.1016	0.0751	0.0775	0.0773	0.0918	0.0803	0.0741	0.0632	0.0158	0.0170	0.0200	0.0313	0.0100
2005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0133	0.0514	0.0743	0.0924	0.0782	0.1079	0.0698	0.1170	0.0811	0.0878	0.0594	0.0348	0.0389	0.0115	0.0196	0.0626
Table 8.5b. Fishery age compositions for flathead sole males.	5b. Fisl	hery age	compc	ositions	tor flat	head sc	le male	S.											
	Age bin																		
year	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
2000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0075	0.0299	0.0653	0.1000	0.0939	0.1320	0.0647	0.1239	0.0878	0.0729	0.0803	0.0422	0.0191	0.0293	0.0164	0.0347
2001	0.0000	0.0065	0.0310	0.0065	0.0325	0.0760	0.0831	0.0967	0.0831	0.0987	0.0707	~	0.0427	0.0577	0.0248	0.0363	0.0407	0.0136	0.0592
2004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0375	0.1140	0.0857	0.1304	0.0901	0.0849	0.0502	0.0668	0.0662	0.0353	0.0324	0.0452	0.0388	0.0242	0.0146	0.0225	0.0610
2005	0.0000	0.0071	0.0065	0.0327	0.0863	0.0863	0.1242	0.0994	0.0889	0.0353	0.1059	0.0366	0.0392	0.0549	0.0562	0.0327	0.0157	0.0183	0.0739

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	Age DIN																		
year	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
2000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0075	0.0299	0.0653	0.1000	0.0939	0.1320	0.0647	0.1239	0.0878	0.0729	0.0803	0.0422	0.0191	0.0293	0.0164	0
2001	0.0000	0.0065	0.0310	0.0065	0.0325	0.0760	0.0831	0.0967	0.0831	0.0987	0.0707	0.1404	0.0427	0.0577	0.0248	0.0363	0.0407	0.0136	0
2004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0375	0.1140	0.0857	0.1304	0.0901	0.0849	0.0502	0.0668	0.0662	0.0353	0.0324	0.0452	0.0388	0.0242	0.0146	0.0225	0
2005	0.0000	0.0071	0.0065	0.0327	0.0863	0.0863	0.1242	0.0994	0.0889	0.0353	0.1059	0.0366	0.0392	0.0549	0.0562	0.0327	0.0157	0.0183	0

		Males	F	emales
year	# of hauls	# of individuals	# of hauls	# of individuals
1982	43	1,154	44	1,625
1983	43	1,306	42	1,622
1984	56	2,162	55	3,522
1985	140	3,105	144	4,067
1986	43	323	48	391
1987	40	2,378	40	1,697
1988	158	8,377	158	6,596
1989	129	3,785	132	5,258
1990	117	3,975	120	4,499
1991	114	4,976	123	3,509
1992	10	529	10	381
1993	59	2,183	59	2,646
1994	120	4,641	119	4,729
1995	127	4,763	127	5,464
1996	241	7,054	240	7,075
1997	150	5,388	150	6,388
1998	392	15,098	391	14,573
1999	838	9,318	841	9,325
2000	2,140	15,465	2,315	17,469
2001	1,400	9,270	1,598	10,295
2002	1,009	7,734	1,141	8,487
2003	1,007	9,622	1,096	10,692
2004	1,398	12,442	1,489	10,917
2005	1,035	7,838	1,115	7,843
2006	845	5,991	880	4,851

Table 8.6a. Sample sizes from the BSAI fishery for flathead sole size compositions. The "hauls" column under each data type refers to the number of hauls in which individuals were collected.

		Males	F	emales	collected otoliths
year	# of hauls	# of individuals	# of hauls	# of individuals	
1982					0
1983					160
1984					524
1985					1,238
1986					327
1987					0
1988					1,241
1989					434
1990					843
1991					154
1992					0
1993					0
1994	12	48	15	90	143
1995	10	74	13	112	195
1996					0
1997					0
1998	10	51	10	48	99
1999					622
2000	133	215	195	349	856
2001	177	267	238	353	642
2002					558
2003					531
2004	161	248	166	248	814
2005	133	194	136	195	628
2006					468

Table 8.6b. Sample sizes from the BSAI fishery for flathead sole age compositions. The "hauls" column under each data type refers to the number of hauls in which individuals were collected. The total number of collected otoliths is also listed.

Table 8.7. Estimated biomass (t) of *Hippoglossoides* sp. from the EBS and AI trawl surveys. A linear regression between AI and EBS biomass was used to estimate AI biomass in years for which an AI survey was not conducted. The disaggregated biomass estimates for flathead sole and Bering flounder in the EBS are also given. The "Fraction flathead" column gives the fraction of total EBS *Hippoglossoides* sp. biomass that is accounted for by flathead sole.

	EBS		AI			Bering flo	under	Flathead	sole	Fraction
Year	Biomass	CV	Biomass	CV	Total	biomass	cv	biomass	cv	flathead
1982	191,988	0.09			196,204			191,988	0.09	1.00
1983	269,808	0.10	1,500		271,308	18,359	0.20	251,449	0.11	0.93
1984	341,697	0.08			347,901	16,232	0.18	323,877	0.09	0.95
1985	276,350	0.07			281,686	15,094	0.09	262,110	0.08	0.95
1986	357,951	0.09	9,000		366,951	13,962	0.17	343,989	0.09	0.96
1987	394,758	0.09			401,667	14,194	0.14	380,564	0.10	0.96
1988	572,805	0.09			582,078	23,521	0.22	549,284	0.09	0.96
1989	536,433	0.08			545,223	18,794	0.20	517,639	0.09	0.96
1990	628,266	0.09			638,276	21,217	0.15	607,049	0.09	0.97
1991	544,893	0.08	6,885	0.20	551,778	27,412	0.22	517,480	0.08	0.95
1992	651,384	0.10			661,701	15,927	0.21	635,458	0.10	0.98
1993	610,259	0.07			620,029	22,323	0.21	587,936	0.07	0.96
1994	726,212	0.07	9,917	0.23	736,129	26,837	0.19	699,375	0.07	0.96
1995	594,814	0.09			604,379	15,476	0.18	579,337	0.09	0.97
1996	616,373	0.09			626,225	12,034	0.20	604,339	0.09	0.98
1997	807,825	0.22	11,540	0.24	819,365	14,641	0.19	793,184	0.22	0.98
1998	692,234	0.21			703,093	7,911	0.21	684,324	0.21	0.99
1999	402,173	0.09			409,180	13,229	0.18	388,944	0.09	0.97
2000	399,298	0.09	8,795	0.23	408,093	8,325	0.19	390,974	0.09	0.98
2001	515,362	0.10			523,872	11,419	0.21	503,943	0.11	0.98
2002	579,176	0.18	9,894	0.24	589,070	5,223	0.20	573,953	0.18	0.99
2003	518,189	0.10			526,737	5,799	0.22	512,390	0.11	0.99
2004	614,728	0.09	13,301	0.14	628,029	8,103	0.31	606,625	0.09	0.99
2005	610,523	0.09			620,297	7,288	0.28	603,235	0.09	0.99
2006	635,741	0.09	9,664	0.18	645,405	13,870	0.32	621,872	0.09	0.98

Bottom
Temperature
(deg C)
2.269
3.022
2.333
2.367
1.859
3.219
2.352
2.967
2.448
2.699
2.014
3.061
1.571
1.750
3.425
2.742
3.275
0.830
2.161
2.575
3.248
3.810
3.384
3.464
1.874

Table 8.8. Mean bottom temperature from Eastern Bering Sea shelf surveys.

2 14 16 18 20 22 24	16 18 20 22	16 18 20 22	18 30 33	20 JJ	٤		74		36	86	30	ŝ	34	yr	38	40	13	46	40	53	55	28
0.0443 0.0363 0.0540 0.0860 0.0888	0.0443 0.0363 0.0540 0.0860 0.0888	0.0363 0.0540 0.0860 0.0888	0.0540 0.0860 0.0888	0.0860 0.0888	0.0888	L .		L .	L .	L .	L .	L .	0.0604	0.0248	0.0124	0.0160	0.0031	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0360 0.0700 0.0814 0.0749 0.0612	0.0360 0.0700 0.0814 0.0749 0.0612	0.0700 0.0814 0.0749 0.0612	0.0814 0.0749 0.0612	0.0749 0.0612	0.0612		5		0.0749 0.0				0.0920	0.0438	0.0222	0.0128	0.0022	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0643 0.0912 0.0711 0.0642 0.0752 0	0.0912 0.0711 0.0642 0.0752 0	0.0912 0.0711 0.0642 0.0752 0	0.0711 0.0642 0.0752 0	0.0642 0.0752	0.0752	-	6	0.0750 0.0'	0.0746 0.0	0.0846 0	0.0855 0	0.0866 (	0.0839	0.0551	0.0254	0.0160	0.0014	0.0010	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0356 0.0544 0.0871 0.1259 0.1084 0	0.0544 0.0871 0.1259 0.1084 0	0.0544 0.0871 0.1259 0.1084 0	0.0871 0.1259 0.1084 0	0.1259 0.1084	0.1084	-	0.0	0.0770 0.0	0.0758 0.0	0.0806 0	0.0805 0	0.0797 (	0.0709	0.0448	0.0330	0.0213	0.0065	0.0017	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
70 0.0175 0.0232 0.0429 0.0688 0.0916	0.0232 0.0429 0.0688	0.0232 0.0429 0.0688	0.0429 0.0688	0.0688	-	916	0.1048	-	0.0906 0.0	0.0828 0	0.0918 0	0.0927 (	0.0946	0.0704	0.0524	0.0408	0.0097	0.0027	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
17 0.0303 0.0465 0.0470 0.0583 0.0598	0.0465 0.0470 0.0583 (	0.0465 0.0470 0.0583 (	0.0470 0.0583 0	0.0583	Ŭ	598	0.0745	-	0.0872 0.0	0.0912 0	0.0934 0	0.0892 (	0.0977	0.0740	0.0578	0.0458	0.0175	0.0036	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
55 0.0616 0.0815 0.0681 0.0806 0.0574	0.0815 0.0681 0.0806	0.0815 0.0681 0.0806	0.0681 0.0806	0.0806		574	0.0585	-	0.0597 0.0	0.0644 0	0.0644 0	0.0847 (	0.0875	0.0795	0.0570	0.0526	0.0212	0.0028	0.0011	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
36 0.0233 0.0323 0.0899 0.0940 0.0902	0.0323 0.0899 0.0940	0.0323 0.0899 0.0940	0.0899 0.0940	0.0940		902	0.0638	-	0.0524 0.0	0.0598 0	0.0692 0	0.0673 (	0.0759	0.0796	0.0583	0.0589	0.0244	0.0072	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
21 0.0567 0.0656 0.0424 0.0591 0.0816	0.0656 0.0424 0.0591	0.0656 0.0424 0.0591	0.0424 0.0591	0.0591		816	0.0767		0.0675 0.0	0.0612 0	0.0558 0	0.0708 (	0.0660	0.0757	0.0724	0.0841	0.0374	0.0108	0.0022	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
38 0.0058 0.0270 0.0590 0.0771 0.0727	0.0270 0.0590 0.0771	0.0270 0.0590 0.0771	0.0590 0.0771	0.0771		727	0.0812		0.0852 0.0	0.0682 0	0.0525 0	0.0620 (	0.0857	0.0642	0.0922	0.1072	0.0383	0.0126	0.0008	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
t5 0.0439 0.0330 0.0389 0.0580 0.0781	0.0330 0.0389 0.0580	0.0330 0.0389 0.0580	0.0389 0.0580	0.0580		781	0.0931		0.0872 0.0	0.0852 0	0.0609 0	0.0585 (	0.0651	0.0676	0.0642	0.0823	0.0414	0.0130	0.0019	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
90 0.0168 0.0449 0.0511 0.0378 0.0597	0.0449 0.0511 0.0378	0.0449 0.0511 0.0378	0.0511 0.0378	0.0378		597	0.0807		0.0831 0.0	0.0935 0	0.0920 0	0.0764 (	0.0677	0.0658	0.0578	0.0928	0.0476	0.0151	0.0027	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
12 0.0261 0.0389 0.0561 0.0476 0.0387	0.0389 0.0561 0.0476	0.0389 0.0561 0.0476	0.0561 0.0476	0.0476		387	0.0607		0.0766 0.0	0.0879 0	0.0912 0	0.0837 (	0.0713	0.0614	0.0760	0.0855	0.0595	0.0220	0.0030	0.0003	0.0000	0.0001
56 0.0169 0.0333 0.0418 0.0598 0.0549	0.0333 0.0418 0.0598	0.0333 0.0418 0.0598	0.0418 0.0598	0.0598		549	0.0515		0.0658 0.0	0.0850 0	0.1034 0	0.0965 (	0.0850	0.0714	0.0650	0.0801	0.0574	0.0186	0.0064	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000
39 0.0279 0.0412 0.0435 0.0617 0.0590	0.0412 0.0435 0.0617	0.0412 0.0435 0.0617	0.0435 0.0617	0.0617		590	0.0660		0.0641 0.0	0.0644 0	0.0784 0	0.0904 (	0.0928	0.0818	0.0520	0.0746	0.0529	0.0237	0.0032	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000
50 0.0130 0.0198 0.0251 0.0312 0.0342	0.0198 0.0251 0.0312	0.0198 0.0251 0.0312	0.0251 0.0312	0.0312		342	0.0404		0.0529 0.0	0.0580 0	0.0733 0	-	0.1021	0.0993	0.0912	0.1243	0.1020	0.0308	0.0078	0.0006	0.0000	0.0000
58 0.0115 0.0216 0.0299 0.0405 0.0416	0.0216 0.0299 0.0405	0.0216 0.0299 0.0405	0.0299 0.0405	0.0405		416	0.0465	-	0.0584 0.0	0.0725 0	0.0644 0		0.1001	0.0978	0.0888	0.0987	0.0638	0.0273	0.0124	0.0015	0.0000	0.0000
<b>33</b> 0.0264 0.0281 0.0255 0.0349 0.0491	0.0281 0.0255 0.0349 0	0.0281 0.0255 0.0349 0	0.0255 0.0349	0.0349	-	491	0.0606	-	0.0691 0.0	0.0659 0	0.0732 0	0.0830 (	0.1127	0.1025	0.0793	0.0779	0.0519	0.0289	0.0145	0.0018	0.0000	0.0003
35 0.0159 0.0292 0.0298 0.0353 0.0337	0.0292 0.0298 0.0353	0.0292 0.0298 0.0353	0.0298 0.0353	0.0353		33	7 0.0486		0.0595 0.0	0.0642 0	0.0859 0	0.0977	0.1079	0.1171	0.0873	0.0916	0.0510	0.0234	0.0083	0.0010	0.0000	0.0000
56 0.0110 0.0196 0.0368 0.0580 0.0604	0.0196 0.0368 0.0580	0.0196 0.0368 0.0580	0.0368 0.0580	0.0580		604	0.0489		0.0498 0.0	0.0740 0	0.0819 0	0.0960.0	0.1083	0.1028	0.0764	0.0807	0.0524	0.0246	0.0057	0.0011	0.0001	0.0000
56 0.0146 0.0188 0.0227 0.0334 0.0480	0.0188 0.0227 0.0334 (	0.0188 0.0227 0.0334 (	0.0227 0.0334 (	0.0334 (	Ŭ	480	0.0525		0.0533 0.0	0.0651 0	0.0668 (	0.0937 (	0.1050	0.0862	0.0775	0.0857	0.0685	0.0586	0.0323	0.0068	0.0012	0.0000
23 0.0148 0.0190 0.0244 0.0333 0.0393	0.0190 0.0244 0.0333 0	0.0190 0.0244 0.0333 0	0.0244 0.0333 (	0.0333	Ŭ	393	0.0582	-	0.0797 0.0	0.0945 0	0.0883 0	0.0952 (	0.1001	0.0770	0.0852	0.1012	0.0559	0.0149	0.0034	0.0002	0.0000	0.0001
54 0.0206 0.0377 0.0404 0.0402 0.0438	0.0377 0.0404 0.0402 (	0.0377 0.0404 0.0402 (	0.0404 0.0402 (	0.0402	Ŭ	438	0.0487		0.0599 0.0	0.0799 0	0.0930 0	0.0931 (	0.0815	0.0853	0.0601	0.0924	0.0669	0.0381	0.0083	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000
05 0.0241 0.0351 0.0469 0.0507 0.0508	0.0351 0.0469 0.0507	0.0351 0.0469 0.0507	0.0469 0.0507	0.0507	_	508	0.0539		0.0636 0.0	0.0694 0	0.0813 0	0.0911 (	0.0925	0.0758	0.0545	0.0705	0.0635	0.0358	0.0122	0.0011	0.0000	0.0000
<b>33</b> 0.0253 0.0434 0.0533 0.0580 0.0453	0.0434 0.0533 0.0580	0.0434 0.0533 0.0580	0.0533 0.0580	0.0580		453	0.0521		0.0662 0.0	0.0711 0	0.0814 0	0.0931 (	0.0928	0.0789	0.0631	0.0773	0.0517	0.0287	0.0055	0.0008	0.0000	0.0000

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yetii114<		Length	Length cutpoints (cm)	ts (cm)																					
000	year	9	8	10	12	14			20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	43	46	49	52	55	58
00000         0013         0173         0103         0173         0103         0113         0103 <t< td=""><th>1982</th><td>0.0005</td><td>0.0005</td><td>0.0025</td><td>0.0339</td><td>0.0535</td><td>0.0487</td><td>0.0588</td><td>0.0812</td><td>0.0961</td><td>0.1112</td><td>0.1478</td><td>0.1578</td><td>0.1269</td><td>0.0552</td><td>0.0182</td><td>0.0054</td><td>0.0010</td><td>0.0007</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></t<>	1982	0.0005	0.0005	0.0025	0.0339	0.0535	0.0487	0.0588	0.0812	0.0961	0.1112	0.1478	0.1578	0.1269	0.0552	0.0182	0.0054	0.0010	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
00000         00010         00010         000000         00000         00000 <t< td=""><th>1983</th><td>0.0006</td><td>0.0020</td><td>0.0248</td><td>0.0716</td><td>0.0409</td><td>0.0743</td><td>0.0958</td><td>0.0794</td><td>0.0692</td><td>0.0774</td><td>0.0982</td><td>0.1195</td><td>0.1160</td><td>0.0837</td><td>0.0346</td><td>0.0097</td><td>0.0020</td><td>0.0002</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></t<>	1983	0.0006	0.0020	0.0248	0.0716	0.0409	0.0743	0.0958	0.0794	0.0692	0.0774	0.0982	0.1195	0.1160	0.0837	0.0346	0.0097	0.0020	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
00000         00037         00116         0.035         0.0391         0.0371         0.0116         0.0331         0.0391         0.0317         0.0316         0.0331         0.0341         0.0331         0.0341         0.0331         0.0341         0.0331         0.0341         0.0331         0.0341         0.0331         0.0341         0.0301         0.0341         0.0301         0.0341         0.0301         0.0341         0.0301         0.0341         0.0301	1984	0.0008	0.0015	0.0123	0.0353	0.0688	0.1101	0.0828	0.0797	0.0902	0.0845	0.0920	0.1063	0.1029	0.0793	0.0409	0.0084	0.0040	0.0001	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
00000         00011         00031         00331         00331         00331         00331         00331         013311         01331         01331 <t< td=""><th>1985</th><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0038</td><td>0.0057</td><td>0.0116</td><td>0.0336</td><td>0.0593</td><td>0.0900</td><td>0.1232</td><td>0.1077</td><td>0.0810</td><td>0.0991</td><td>0.1042</td><td>0.1125</td><td>0.0860</td><td>0.0558</td><td>0.0205</td><td>0.0047</td><td>0.0012</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></t<>	1985	0.0000	0.0038	0.0057	0.0116	0.0336	0.0593	0.0900	0.1232	0.1077	0.0810	0.0991	0.1042	0.1125	0.0860	0.0558	0.0205	0.0047	0.0012	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
00000         000000         00000         00000 <t< td=""><th>1986</th><td>0.0006</td><td>0.0012</td><td>0.0097</td><td>0.0314</td><td>0.0222</td><td>0.0300</td><td>0.0537</td><td>0.0902</td><td>0.1006</td><td>0.1123</td><td>0.1121</td><td>0.0936</td><td>0.1179</td><td>0.1189</td><td>0.0663</td><td>0.0277</td><td>0.0093</td><td>0.0022</td><td>0.0001</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></t<>	1986	0.0006	0.0012	0.0097	0.0314	0.0222	0.0300	0.0537	0.0902	0.1006	0.1123	0.1121	0.0936	0.1179	0.1189	0.0663	0.0277	0.0093	0.0022	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
00000         00011         00041         00033         00133         00143         00034         00033         00133         00134         01034         00134         010344         01034         01034 <t< td=""><th>1987</th><td>0.0001</td><td>0.0003</td><td>0.0083</td><td>0.0273</td><td>0.0296</td><td>0.0515</td><td>0.0556</td><td>0.0711</td><td>0.0809</td><td>0.1002</td><td>0.0974</td><td>0.1108</td><td>0.1228</td><td>0.1187</td><td>0.0677</td><td>0.0349</td><td>0.0182</td><td>0.0046</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td><td>0.0000</td></t<>	1987	0.0001	0.0003	0.0083	0.0273	0.0296	0.0515	0.0556	0.0711	0.0809	0.1002	0.0974	0.1108	0.1228	0.1187	0.0677	0.0349	0.0182	0.0046	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.013         0.0149         0.0386         0.0341         0.1034         0.0343         0.0341         0.1034         0.0306         0.0000 </td <th>1988</th> <td>0.0005</td> <td>0.0014</td> <td>0.0047</td> <td>0.0288</td> <td>0.0703</td> <td>0.0951</td> <td>0.0628</td> <td>0.0663</td> <td>0.0624</td> <td>0.0617</td> <td>0.0690</td> <td>0.0779</td> <td>0.1027</td> <td>0.1234</td> <td>0.1072</td> <td>0.0455</td> <td>0.0156</td> <td>0.0046</td> <td>0.0002</td> <td>0.0000</td> <td>0.0000</td> <td>0.0000</td> <td>0.0000</td> <td>0.0000</td>	1988	0.0005	0.0014	0.0047	0.0288	0.0703	0.0951	0.0628	0.0663	0.0624	0.0617	0.0690	0.0779	0.1027	0.1234	0.1072	0.0455	0.0156	0.0046	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0010         0.0038         0.0139         0.0622         0.0631         0.0141         0.0003         0.0004<	1989	0.0000	0.0013	0.0149	0.0598	0.0343	0.0341	0.1100	0.0904	0.0889	0.0723	0.0666	0.0688	0.0662	0.1124	0.1109	0.0510	0.0155	0.0026	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0001         0.0004         0.0075         0.0005         0.0075         0.0000<	1990	0.0000	0.0010	0.0038	0.0139	0.0622	0.0635	0.0510	0.0754	0.0962	0.0811	0.0790	0.0804	0.0910	0.1109	0.1069	0.0566	0.0222	0.0044	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0001         0.0023         0.0333         0.0333         0.0343         0.0353         0.0343         0.0353         0.0333         0.0343         0.0304         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0000<	1991	0.0001	0.0004	0.0099	0.0075	0.0000	0.0425	0.0803	0.1099	0.1042	0.1002	0.0969	0.0804	0.0883	0.0880	0.0950	0.0645	0.0183	0.0042	0.0004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
00000         00007         00067         0015         0015         00143         00143         00143         00143         00143         00143         00143         00143         00143         00000         0	1992	0.0000	0.0001	0.0023	0.0327	0.0535	0.0327	0.0355	0.0667	0.0929	0.1167	0.1043	0.0851	0.0886	0.0973	0.0994	0.0639	0.0232	0.0047	0.0002	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0007         0.0015         0.0155         0.0133         0.0494         0.0673         0.0693         0.1156         0.1171         0.0737         0.0063         0.0003         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0003         0.0003         0.0000<	1993	0.0000	0.0007	0.0067	0.0118	0.0156	0.0492	0.0513	0.0482	0.0604	0.0949	0.1194	0.1193	0.1060	0.1117	0.1026	0.0709	0.0241	0.0069	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0001         0.0008         0.0008         0.0013         0.0003<	1994	0.0000	0.0007	0.0036	0.0155	0.0333	0.0494	0.0672	0.0593	0.0509	0.0699	0.0964	0.1069	0.1193	0.1156	0.1077	0.0737	0.0240	0.0063	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0         0.0001         0.0002         0.0013         0.0023         0.0024         0.0024         0.0084         0.0084         0.0084         0.0134         0.0134         0.0303         0.0111         0.0000	1995	0.0000	0.0001	0.0018	0.0069	0.0172	0.0317	0.0400	0.0567	0.0648	0.0631	0.0983	0.1235	0.1433	0.1293	0.1128	0.0699	0.0299	0.0100	0.0005	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0001         0.0004         0.0027         0.0026         0.0119         0.0226         0.0331         0.0351         0.0341         0.0341         0.0341         0.0341         0.0341         0.0341         0.0343         0.0001         0.0001         0.0002         0.0023         0.0013         0.0014         0.0016         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0002         0.0001         0.0001         0.0013         0.0135         0.0131         0.0136         0.0013         0.0014         0.0001         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0003         0.0013         0.0013         0.0013         0.0014         0.0001         0.0000<	1996	0.0001	0.0005	0.0028	0.0173	0.0329	0.0299	0.0478	0.0601	0.0664	0.0684	0.0787	0.1029	0.1234	0.1315	0.1204	0.0750	0.0302	0.0111	0.0009	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0001         0.0012         0.0139         0.0319         0.0161         0.0236         0.0335         0.0419         0.0617         0.0734         0.1489         0.1466         0.1000         0.0359         0.0136         0.0001         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0002         0.0001         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0002         0.0001         0.0000         0.0001<	1997	0.0001	0.0004	0.0027	0.0096	0.0119	0.0228	0.0284	0.0381	0.0520	0.0648	0.0711	0.0891	0.1388	0.1480	0.1430	0.0992	0.0527	0.0233	0.0023	0.0018	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0         00000         0.0003         0.0040         0.0105         0.0321         0.0233         0.0349         0.0748         0.0732         0.1346         0.1346         0.1346         0.0317         0.0346         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0017         0.0017         0.0019         0.0001         0.0000         0.0004         0.0001         0.0000         0.0004         0.0001         0.0000         0.0004         0.0001         0.0000         0.0004         0.0001         0.0000         0.0004         0.0001         0.0000         0.0004         0.0001         0.0000         0.0004         0.0001         0.0001         0.0004         0.0001         0.0001         0.0004         0.0001         0.0000         0.0001	1998	0.0001	0.0012	0.0159	0.0319	0.0161	0.0236	0.0262	0.0335	0.0419	0.0617	0.0708	0.0849	0.1244	0.1489	0.1466	0.1000	0.0559	0.0136	0.0024	0.0004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0         0.0001         0.0006         0.0086         0.0112         0.0182         0.0334         0.0397         0.0463         0.1019         0.1014         0.1113         0.1113         0.1113         0.1113         0.1113         0.1123         0.0011         0.0001         0.0004         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0003         0.0013         0.0011         0.0001         0.0003         0.0001         0.0000         0.0001	1999	0.0000	0.0003	0.0040	0.0105	0.0321	0.0253	0.0272	0.0507	0.0480	0.0748	0.0920	0.1033	0.1232	0.1546	0.1305	0.0712	0.0336	0.0171	0.0016	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000         0.0003         0.0005         0.0017         0.0107         0.0123         0.0019         0.0025         0.0017         0.0010         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0005         0.0019         0.0025         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0002         0.0001         0.0001         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0001         0.0000<	2000	0.0001	0.0006	0.0086	0.0122	0.0182	0.0383	0.0349	0.0397	0.0459	0.0682	0.1019	0.1036	0.1405	0.1413	0.1198	0.0798	0.0323	0.0128	0.0009	0.0004	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0001         0.0006         0.0025         0.0078         0.0159         0.0025         0.0078         0.0025         0.0013         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0025         0.0025         0.0038         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0025         0.0025         0.0332         0.0332         0.0372         0.0011         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000         0.0001         0.0001         0.0002         0.0001         0.0001         0.0025         0.0132         0.0332         0.0012         0.00167         0.0167         0.0167         0.00167         0.0001         0.0000         0.001	2001	0.0000	0.0008	0.0059	0.0077	0.0197	0.0239	0.0430	0.0727	0.0683	0.0526	0.0679	0.1129	0.1375	0.1422	0.1215	0.0716	0.0369	0.0119	0.0023	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000 0.0007 0.0050 0.0127 0.0150 0.0276 0.0342 0.0379 0.0521 0.0850 0.1044 0.1267 0.1384 0.1209 0.1067 0.0796 0.0397 0.0106 0.0027 0.0001 0.0000 0.	2002	0.0001	0.0006	0.0025	0.0078	0.0169	0.0231	0.0278	0.0452	0.0719	0.0751	0.0755	0.0950	0.1378	0.1476	0.1366	0.0807	0.0334	0.0159	0.0026	0.0038	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0001 0.0004 0.0024 0.0024 0.0210 0.0336 0.0479 0.0418 0.0500 0.0604 0.0822 0.1215 0.1393 0.1290 0.1197 0.0750 0.0477 0.0167 0.0024 0.0000 0.0001 0.0000 0.	2003	0.0000	0.0007	0.0050	0.0127	0.0150	0.0276	0.0342	0.0379	0.0521	0.0850	0.1044	0.1267	0.1384	0.1209	0.1067	0.0796	0.0397	0.0106	0.0027	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000 0.0012 0.0084 0.0241 0.0281 0.0363 0.0485 0.0587 0.0590 0.0844 0.1129 0.1372 0.1283 0.1015 0.0619 0.0343 0.0151 0.0016 0.0009 0.0008 0.0000 0.	2004	0.0001	0.0004	0.0024	0.0094	0.0210	0.0336	0.0479	0.0418	0.0500	0.0604	0.0822	0.1215	0.1393	0.1290	0.1197	0.0750	0.0472	0.0167	0.0024	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0006 0.0004 0.0018 0.0116 0.0366 0.0474 0.0554 0.0538 0.0608 0.0747 0.1008 0.1231 0.1383 0.1105 0.0737 0.0379 0.0163 0.0021 0.0002 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	2005	0.0000	0.0012	0.0084	0.0241	0.0281	0.0363		0.0568	0.0587	0.0590	0.0844	0.1129	0.1372	0.1283	0.1015	0.0619	0.0343	0.0151	0.0016	0.0009	0.0008	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	2006	0.0006	0.0004	0.0018	0.0116	0.0306	0.0474		0.0598	0.0538	0.0608	0.0747	0.1008	0.1231	0.1383	0.1105	0.0737	0.0379	0.0163	0.0021	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001

Table 8.9b. Survey size composition for flathead sole males.

3 0.1204 0.1027 0.0867 0.0000	4 0.1924 0.2318 0.0311 0.0425	5 0.0967 0.1583 0.1237 0.0819	6 0.1757 0.0941	7														
0.1204 0.1027 0.0867 0.0000	0.1924 0.2318 0.0311 0.0425	0.0967 0.1583 0.1237 0.0819	0.1757 0.0941		8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
0.1027 0.0867 0.0000	0.2318 0.0311 0.0425	0.1583 0.1237 0.0819	0.0941	0.1218	0.0833	0.0668	0.0302	0.0181	0.0590	0.0237	0.0069	0.0051	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0867	0.0311	0.1237		0.1209	0.0470	0.0628	0.0575	0.0383	0.0508	0.0076	0.0022	0.0088	0.0113	0.0020	0.0003	0.0018	0.0000	0.0019
0.0000	0.0425	0.0819	0.1083	0.1523	0.0586	0.1199	0.0648	0.0585	0.0865	0.0464	0.0342	0.0080	0.0114	0.0067	0.0019	0.0000	0.0000	0.0010
000010		1000	0.1351	0.0705	0.1008	0.1000	0.0673	0.1243	0.1964	0.0216	0.0362	0.0212	0.0024	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0568	0.0824	0.0596	0.0857	0.1427	0.0745	0.1122	0.0880	0.0683	0.0875	0.0472	0.0628	0.0193	0.0056	0.0049	0.0024	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0513	0.0702	0.0833	0.0535	0.0980	0.2050	0.0742	0.0798	0.0687	0.0616	0.0435	0.0428	0.0268	0.0237	0.0076	0.0082	0.0007	0.0000	0.0010
0.0296	0.0761	0.0486	0.0714	0.0509	0.0596	0.1125	0.1003	0.0655	0.0499	0.0876	0.0728	0.0319	0.0325	0.0525	0.0151	0.0135	0.0079	0.0219
0.0254	0.0720	0.1515	0.1129	0.1269	0.0357	0.0588	0.0682	0.0168	0.0458	0.0163	0.0327	0.0359	0.0858	0.0248	0.0476	0.0135	0.0064	0.0231
2004 0.1299	0.0644	0.1507	0.1173	0.0595	0.0660	0.0248	0.0699	0.0592	0.0460	0.0650	0.0241	0.0189	0.0404	0.0080	0.0126	0.0155	0.0076	0.0202
0.0791	0.1523	0.0370	0.0898	0.1308	0.1094	0.0239	0.0623	0.0420	0.0536	0.0391	0.0623	0.0182	0.0048	0.0132	0.0329	0.0085	0.0069	0.0340

Table 8.10a. Survey age composition for flathead sole females.

Table 8.10b. Survey age composition for flathead sole males.

	Age bin																		
year	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
1982	0.1229	0.1304	0.1843	0.1771	0.1275	0.0860	0.0236	0.0318	0.0440	0.0131	0.0243	0.0241	0.0019	0.0000	0.0008	0.0026	0.0000	0.0058	0.0000
1985	0.0904	0.2166	0.1164	0.1117	0.0891	0.0765	0.0868	0.0495	0.0624	0.0360	0.0263	0.0188	0.0140	0.0054	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1992	0.0882	0.0362	0.2030	0.1009	0.1702	0.0977	0.0797	0.0886	0.0434	0.0300	0.0492	0.0061	0.0000	0.0000	0.0067	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1993	0.0069	0.0248	0.1115	0.0890	0.1392	0.2122	0.1387	0.0473	0.0796	0.0982	0.0259	0.0054	0.0000	0.0183	0.0000	0.0000	0.0030	0.0000	0.0000
1994	0.0526	0.0712	0.1121	0.0632	0.1437	0.0831	0.0982	0.0842	0.0487	0.0646	0.0619	0.0422	0.0022	0.0427	0.0019	0.0000	0.0000	0.0070	0.0207
1995	0.0283	0.1195	0.0701	0.0884	0.0400	0.1181	0.1157	0.1255	0.0866	0.0548	0.0081	0.0751	0.0419	0.0199	0.0043	0.0015	0.0000	0.0021	0.0000
2000	0.0232	0.1180	0.0966	0.0428	0.0605	0.1490	0.1338	0.0652	0.0426	0.0241	0.0661	0.0197	0.0425	0.0232	0.0119	0.0366	0.0080	0.0140	0.0224
2003	0.0370	0.1195	0.1123	0.1061	0.1033	0.1098	0.0603	0.0655	0.0104	0.0563	0.0118	0.1249	0.0133	0.0212	0.0025	0.0057	0.0077	0.0008	0.0317
2004	0.1384	0.0432	0.1828	0.1703	0.0563	0.0599	0.0305	0.0272	0.0231	0.0236	0.0500	0.0284	0.0334	0.0052	0.0383	0.0248	0.0118	0.0000	0.0528
2005	0.1197	0.1549	0.0171	0.1304	0.1094	0.0335	0.0619	0.0199	0.0310	0.0684	0.0463	0.0394	0.0322	0.0059	0.0166	0.0168	0.0039	0.0237	0.0689

		Flathe	ad sole			Bering f	flounder	
		Males	F	emales		Males	F	emales
year	# of hauls	# of individuals						
1982	108	5,094	108	4,942				
1983	171	7,735	171	7,546	22	438	23	989
1984	150	6,639	151	6,792	30	435	31	882
1985	184	6,789	185	6,769	44	686	51	1,368
1986	247	6,692	256	6,844	74	566	91	1,222
1987	183	7,003	189	6,502	31	516	32	1,034
1988	192	6,729	196	7,068	39	649	42	1,445
1989	241	7,261	245	7,682	44	549	51	1,449
1990	233	7,922	253	7,504	47	452	57	1,222
1991	247	8,057	263	7,731	52	369	66	1,913
1992	226	7,357	270	8,037	51	415	60	1,678
1993	266	8,227	283	8,438	51	540	76	1,502
1994	247	8,149	269	8,078	56	392	76	1,949
1995	234	7,298	253	7,326	58	225	84	1,053
1996	250	9,485	283	9,606	36	286	59	975
1997	236	7,932	276	8,006	31	198	47	1,313
1998	265	10,352	312	10,634	35	162	53	782
1999	216	7,080	234	6,966	41	282	77	805
2000	230	7,536	270	8,054	36	239	59	715
2001	253	8,146	281	8,234	38	145	61	660
2002	245	8,196	272	8,332	24	79	41	306
2003	244	8,854	268	8,396	29	143	48	412
2004	245	9,026	264	8,864	27	182	46	410
2005	258	8,224	275	8,181	27	132	39	507
2006	235	8,755	248	8,795	41	195	64	847

Table 8.11a. Sample sizes for size compositions from the EBS shelf survey.

Hales         Females         total # collected collected         Males         Females         formales collected $\frac{\# of}{hauls}$ $\frac{\# of}{individuals}$ $\frac{\# of}{hauls}$ </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>Flath</th> <th>ead sole</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Bering fl</th> <th>ounder</th> <th></th> <th></th>			Flath	ead sole				Bering fl	ounder		
$y_{ear}$ $u^{a}$ of hauls $u^{a}$ of 		Ι			emales		Μ			emales	total # collected
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											otoliths
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	982	15	181	14	207	471	1	19	1	38	57
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	983					0					0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	984					0					0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	985	20	227	23	268	580	14	107	14	128	237
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	986					0					0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	987					0					0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	988					0					0
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	989					0					0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	990					0					0
	991					0					0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	992	11	191	10	228	419					0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	993	4	58	5	78	140					0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	994	7	166	7	204	371					0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	995	9	179	10	216	396					0
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	996					420					0
1999       420         2000       17       193       18       243       453         2001       537       537       537         2002       471       471         2003       26       111       30       135       640         2004       16       208       16       265       477	997					301					0
2000       17       193       18       243       453         2001       537       537         2002       471         2003       26       111       30       135       640         2004       16       208       16       265       477	998					87					0
2001       537         2002       471         2003       26       111       30       135       640         2004       16       208       16       265       477	999					420					0
2002       471         2003       26       111       30       135       640         2004       16       208       16       265       477	000	17	193	18	243	453					0
2003         26         111         30         135         640           2004         16         208         16         265         477	001					537					0
2004 16 208 16 265 477	002					471					0
	003	26	111	30	135	640					0
2005 17 227 17 222 547	004	16	208	16	265	477					0
	005	17	227	17	222	547					0
2006 516	006					516					140

8.11b. Sample sizes for age compositions from the EBS shelf survey. Although shown here, Bering flounder ages are not used to create age compositions.

Table 8.12. Parameter estimates corresponding to the final model.

#### **Fishery selectivity**

k	$L_{50}$
0.314	35.57

## Survey selectivity

k	$L_{50}$
0.103	31.14

# Survey catchability

 $\beta_q$  0.070

## Historic parameters

f 0.064 ln(R) 4.427

## **Fishing mortality**

$\mu_f$	-2.999					
$\mathcal{E}_t$	1976-1980:		1.762	1.634	1.081	1.044
	1981-1985	0.726	0.255	0.111	-0.303	-0.283
	1986-1990	-0.552	-1.090	-0.606	-1.361	0.264
	1991-1995	-0.161	-0.218	-0.345	-0.172	-0.365
	1996-2000	-0.228	-0.064	0.123	-0.154	-0.042
	2001-2005	-0.159	-0.264	-0.322	-0.090	-0.137
	2006-2010	-0.084				

#### Recruitment

-

$\ln(R)$	6.893					
$\mathcal{U}_t$	1976-1980:		0.733	-1.500	0.404	-0.680
	1981-1985	0.086	-0.527	0.601	0.803	-0.771
	1986-1990	-0.173	0.116	0.740	0.413	0.692
	1991-1995	-0.644	-0.169	0.054	0.337	-0.864
	1996-2000	0.030	-0.917	-0.156	-0.062	-0.918
	2001-2005	0.288	-0.100	-1.453	0.229	-0.391
	2006-2010	0.0578806				

	Spawning stock biomass (t)		Total bion	nass (t)	Recruitment (	thousands)
	Assessn	Assessment		nent	Assessment	
Year	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
1977	22,881	22,257	128,600	130,510	2,052,370	2,199,950
1978	20,506	20,023	160,110	166,480	219,924	286,485
1979	19,508	19,076	223,760	228,070	1,476,210	1,270,390
1980	20,625	20,294	279,950	278,760	499,629	318,898
1981	24,294	24,222	346,110	345,720	1,074,310	1,266,640
1982	33,339	33,791	401,750	400,430	581,816	573,690
1983	50,632	51,916	481,520	482,740	1,798,850	1,916,880
1984	75,629	77,655	582,760	584,290	2,201,350	2,146,040
1985	103,294	105,066	654,930	660,090	456,114	563,664
1986	129,902	130,219	718,430	726,300	828,924	840,251
1987	155,003	154,004	776,960	785,840	1,107,280	1,065,890
1988	180,167	179,253	854,040	856,710	2,065,830	1,794,770
1989	206,968	207,224	922,450	916,420	1,489,300	1,317,770
1990	237,037	238,689	1,004,100	978,670	1,969,000	1,491,440
1991	260,913	263,639	1,041,000	1,006,800	517,783	713,918
1992	280,035	283,034	1,069,900	1,019,900	832,366	531,445
1993	295,053	296,777	1,088,900	1,025,100	1,040,930	895,246
1994	311,998	310,127	1,108,100	1,024,900	1,381,380	980,929
1995	334,017	326,442	1,101,400	1,006,600	415,632	419,370
1996	352,313	337,613	1,092,000	980,870	1,016,230	675,659
1997	364,931	343,033	1,063,700	939,990	393,973	263,781
1998	364,835	337,225	1,031,200	893,120	843,254	540,034
1999	358,177	325,960	997,900	843,920	926,909	543,896
2000	350,633	313,110	957,440	803,540	393,794	715,153
2001	342,569	299,920	936,430	763,350	1,314,940	488,761
2002	332,788	285,321	917,870	726,540	891,546	475,668
2003	318,931	267,382	884,690	692,360	230,612	543,589
2004	305,737	250,206	872,270	658,150	1,239,990	326,739
2005	293,174	233,850	853,010	632,100	666,571	723,418
2006	284,512		845,990		1,044,500	

Table 8.13. Estimated total biomass (ages 3+), female spawner biomass, and recruitment (age 3), with comparison to the 2005 SAFE estimates.

Table 8.14. Projections of catch (t), spawning biomass (t), and fishing mortality rate for the seven standard projection scenarios. The values of  $B_{40\%}$  and  $B_{35\%}$  are 145,257 t and 127,100 t, respectively.

	scenario	scenario	scenario	Catch (t) scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario
year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2006	16,571	16,571	16,571	16,571	16,571	16,571	16,571
2007	79,246	79,246	41,247	11,306	NA	95,268	79,246
2008	68,144	68,144	38,258	11,106	NA	79,270	68,144
2009	59,619	59,619	35,630	10,873	NA	67,579	71,774
2010	53,827	53,827	33,780	10,753	NA	59,880	62,935
2011	50,081	50,081	32,561	10,727	NA	51,996	56,495
2012	47,426	47,426	31,870	10,787	NA	47,320	49,759
2013	45,015	45,015	31,447	10,851	NA	45,944	47,218
2014	44,272	44,272	31,406	11,002	NA	46,304	46,933
2015	44,184	44,184	31,464	11,140	NA	46,968	47,244
2016	44,564	44,564	31,684	11,323	NA	47,769	47,870
2017	45,016	45,016	31,930	11,504	NA	48,433	48,452
2018	45,392	45,392	32,112	11,640	NA	48,828	48,810
2019	45,773	45,773	32,385	11,823	NA	49,190	49,165
				pawning bi			
	scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario
VOOR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
year							
2006	284,119	284,119	284,119	284,119	284,119	284,119	284,119
2006 2007	284,119 266,997	284,119 266,997	284,119 271,436	274,747	275,957	265,038	266,997
2006 2007 2008	284,119 266,997 225,452	284,119 266,997 225,452	284,119 271,436 250,497	274,747 270,928	275,957 278,798	265,038 215,199	266,997 225,452
2006 2007 2008 2009	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713	274,747 270,928 265,658	275,957 278,798 279,386	265,038 215,199 178,804	266,997 225,452 192,093
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870 206,738	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439 259,614	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308 282,978	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626 138,070	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136 144,600
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2011	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870 206,738 201,259	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439 259,614 260,816	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308 282,978 288,188	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626 138,070 130,986	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136 144,600 134,609
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870 206,738 201,259 198,505	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439 259,614 260,816 262,897	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308 282,978 288,188 293,543	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626 138,070 130,986 129,074	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136 144,600 134,609 130,992
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870 206,738 201,259 198,505 199,120	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439 259,614 260,816 262,897 267,895	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308 282,978 288,188 293,543 301,659	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626 138,070 130,986 129,074 130,340	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136 144,600 134,609 130,992 131,280
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870 206,738 201,259 198,505 199,120 200,641	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439 259,614 260,816 262,897 267,895 272,813	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308 282,978 288,188 293,543 301,659 309,194	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626 138,070 130,986 129,074 130,340 132,358	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136 144,600 134,609 130,992 131,280 132,738
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548 146,544	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548 146,544	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870 206,738 201,259 198,505 199,120 200,641 202,980	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439 259,614 260,816 262,897 267,895 272,813 278,499	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308 282,978 288,188 293,543 301,659 309,194 317,459	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626 138,070 130,986 129,074 130,340 132,358 134,375	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136 144,600 134,609 130,992 131,280 132,738 134,469
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548 146,544 148,208	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548 146,544 148,208	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870 206,738 201,259 198,505 199,120 200,641 202,980 205,136	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439 259,614 260,816 262,897 267,895 272,813 278,499 283,692	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308 282,978 288,188 293,543 301,659 309,194 317,459 325,046	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626 138,070 130,986 129,074 130,340 132,358 134,375 135,800	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136 144,600 134,609 130,992 131,280 132,738 134,469 135,763
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548 146,544 148,208 149,283	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548 146,544 148,208 149,283	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870 206,738 201,259 198,505 199,120 200,641 202,980 205,136 206,569	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439 259,614 260,816 262,897 267,895 272,813 278,499 283,692 287,417	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308 282,978 288,188 293,543 301,659 309,194 317,459 325,046 330,708	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626 138,070 130,986 129,074 130,340 132,358 134,375 135,800 136,562	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136 144,600 134,609 130,992 131,280 132,738 134,469 135,763 136,478
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548 146,544 148,208	284,119 266,997 225,452 193,428 170,321 155,246 146,808 142,947 143,062 144,548 146,544 148,208	284,119 271,436 250,497 231,713 216,870 206,738 201,259 198,505 199,120 200,641 202,980 205,136	274,747 270,928 265,658 261,439 259,614 260,816 262,897 267,895 272,813 278,499 283,692	275,957 278,798 279,386 280,308 282,978 288,188 293,543 301,659 309,194 317,459 325,046	265,038 215,199 178,804 153,626 138,070 130,986 129,074 130,340 132,358 134,375 135,800	266,997 225,452 192,093 163,136 144,600 134,609 130,992 131,280 132,738 134,469 135,763

	Fishing mortality							
	scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario	
year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
2006	0.058	0.305	0.058	0.058	0.058	0.058	0.058	
2007	0.305	0.305	0.153	0.041	NA	0.373	0.305	
2008	0.305	0.305	0.153	0.041	NA	0.373	0.305	
2009	0.305	0.305	0.153	0.041	NA	0.373	0.373	
2010	0.305	0.305	0.153	0.041	NA	0.373	0.373	
2011	0.305	0.302	0.153	0.041	NA	0.351	0.368	
2012	0.302	0.293	0.153	0.041	NA	0.332	0.341	
2013	0.293	0.289	0.153	0.041	NA	0.326	0.331	
2014	0.289	0.287	0.153	0.041	NA	0.327	0.329	
2015	0.287	0.287	0.153	0.041	NA	0.329	0.330	
2016	0.287	0.287	0.153	0.041	NA	0.331	0.332	
2017	0.287	0.288	0.153	0.041	NA	0.333	0.333	
2018	0.288	0.288	0.152	0.041	NA	0.334	0.334	
2019	0.288	0.000	0.152	0.041	NA	0.335	0.335	

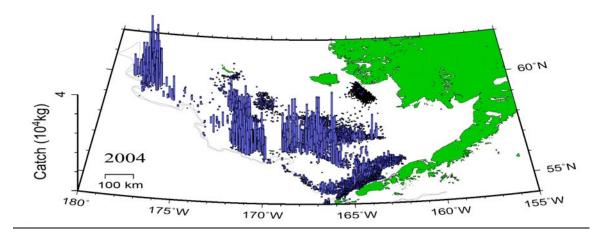
	Flathead sole	Halibut		Crab		Salmon	
year	(t)	kg	kg/t	#	#/t	#	#/t
2004	9,673	632,041	65	292,650	30	2,867	0.30
2005	9,248	357,379	39	393,789	43	483	0.05

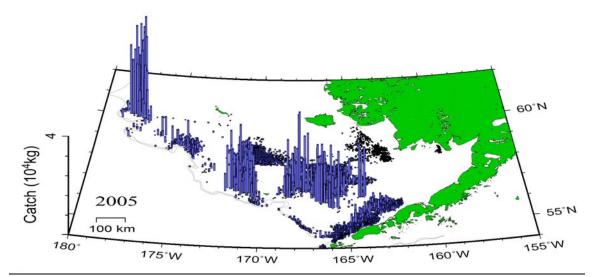
Table 8.15. Prohibited species catch in the flathead sole target fishery.

Table 8.16. Catch of non-prohibited species in the flathead sole target fishery. The percentage catch is relative to total catch in the flathead sole target fishery.

	2005		2004		
species	Total (t)	percent	Total (t)	percent	
Alaska plaice	679	3	494	2	
Atka mackerel	57	0	6	0	
arrowtooth flounder	2,572	11	3,789	13	
miscellaneous flatfish	105	0	160	1	
flathead sole	9,248	40	9,673	33	
turbot (BSAI)	150	1	196	1	
northern rockfish all sharks, skates, squid,	0	0	1	0	
sculpin, and octopus	1,397	6	1,837	6	
Pacific cod	2,089	9	2,816	10	
pollock	3,664	16	5,293	18	
POP	2	0	44	0	
rougheye	0	0	2	0	
other rockfish complex	19	0	52	0	
rock sole	1,171	5	2,143	7	
sablefish	31	0	33	0	
squid	1	0	4	0	
shortraker	0	0	1	0	
yellowfin sole	2,199	9	2,432	8	







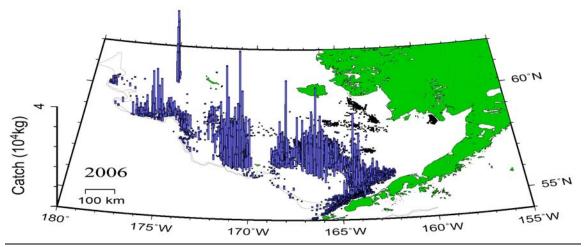


Figure 8.1a. Spatial distribution of flathead sole catches, 2004-2006, from observer data. Black dots indicate hauls with no flathead sole catch.

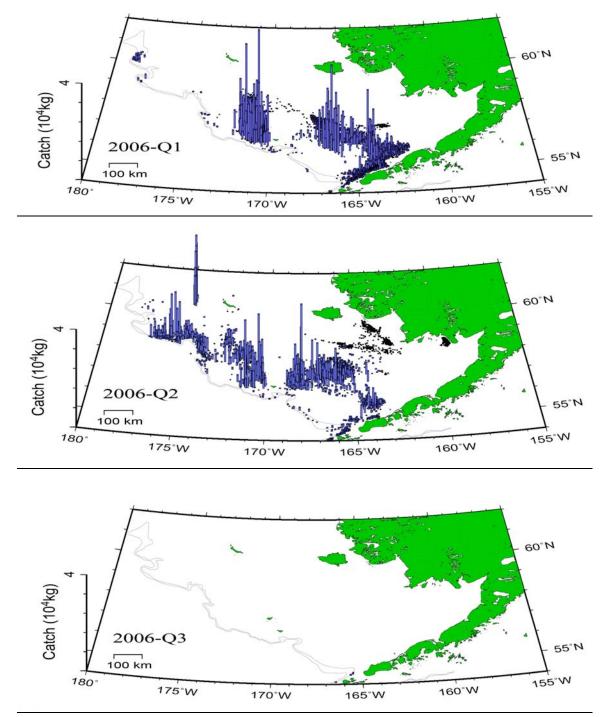


Figure 8.1 b. Spatial distribution of flathead sole catches in 2006 by quarter from observer data. Black dots indicate hauls with no flathead sole catch.

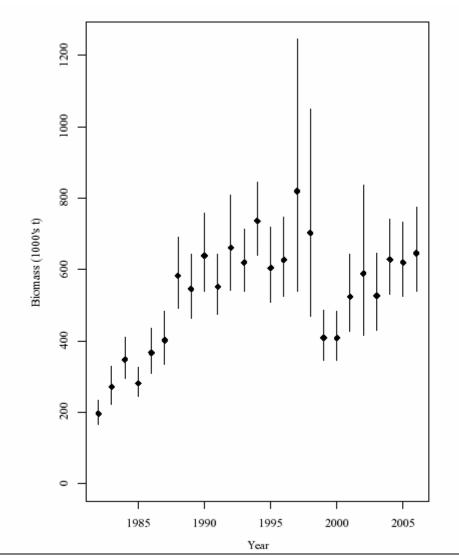


Figure 8.2. Estimated biomass for BSAI *Hippoglossoides* sp. (flathead sole and Bering flounder) from EBS and AI surveys. Bars represent 95% confidence intervals.

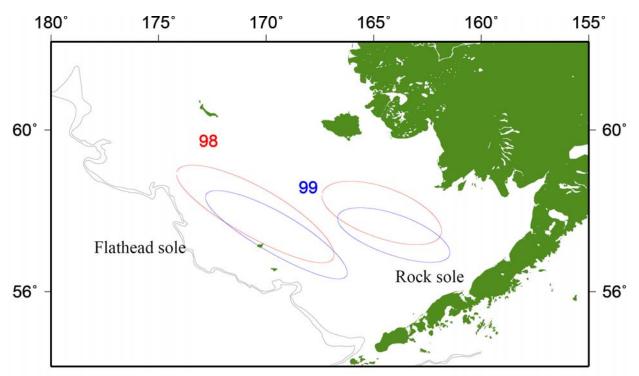


Figure 8.3. Centers of the cold pool (labeled by year), and the distributional ellipses encompassing a probability of 50% for a bivariate normal distribution (based upon EBS shelf survey CPUE data) for flathead sole and rock sole in 1998 (red) and 1999 (blue).

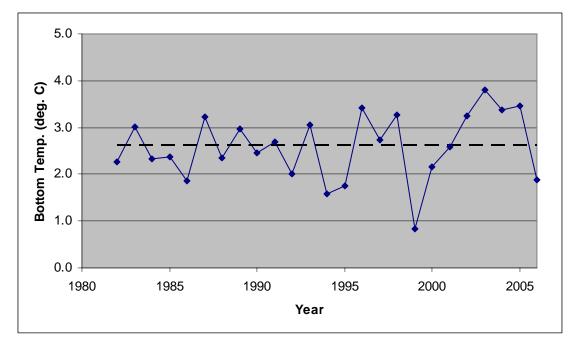


Figure 8.4. Mean bottom temperature from the EBS shelf survey. Observed values = solid line, mean value = dashed line.

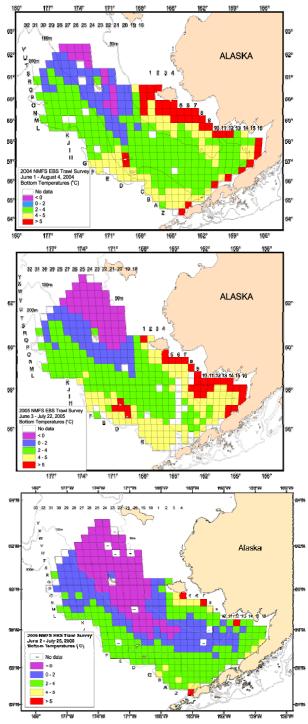


Figure 8.5. Spatial distribution of bottom temperatures from the EBS Groundfish Survey for 2004-06.

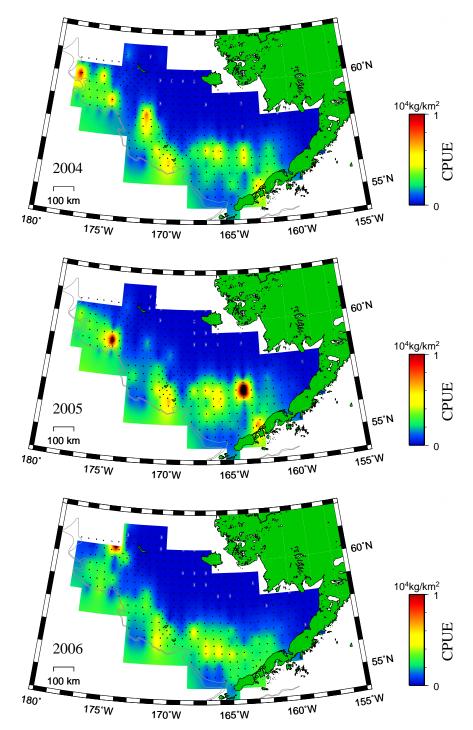


Figure 8.6a. Spatial distribution of flathead sole from the annual EBS Groundfish Survey for 2004-06.

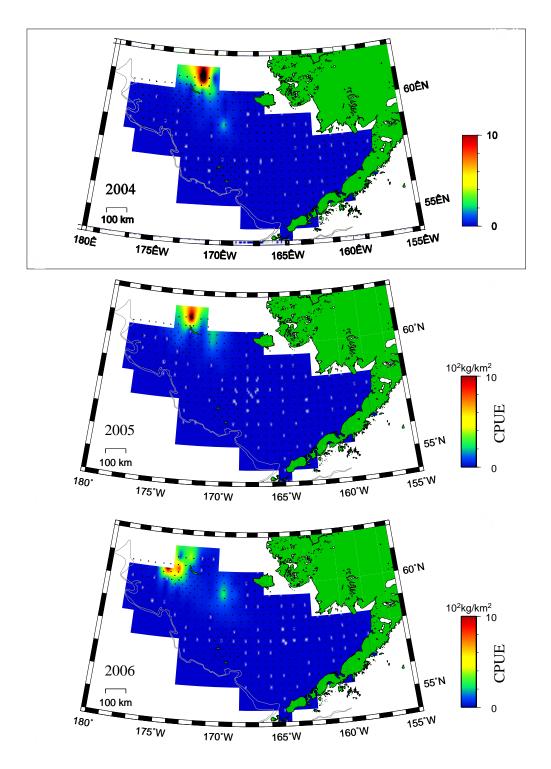


Figure 8.6b. Spatial distribution of Bering flounder from the annual EBS Groundfish Survey for 2004-06.

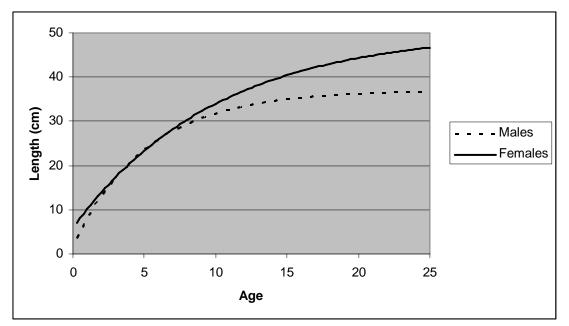


Figure 8.7. Sex-specific mean length-at-age used in this assessment (from NMFS summer surveys; same as the 2004 assessment). Females = solid line, males = dotted line.

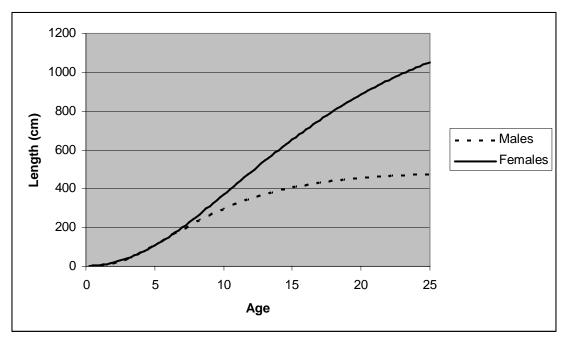


Figure 8.8. Sex-specific weight- at-age used in this assessment (from NMFS summer surveys; same as the 2004 assessment). Females = solid line, males = dotted line.

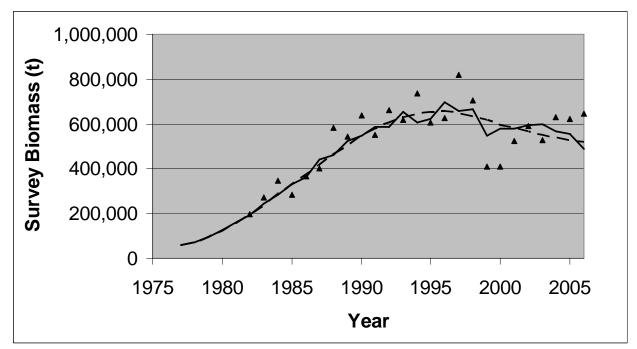


Figure 8.9. Comparison of model fits with temperature-dependent survey catchability (solid line; "No SR, TDQ" model) and temperature-independent survey catchability (dashed line, "No SR, constant Q") to survey biomass (triangles).

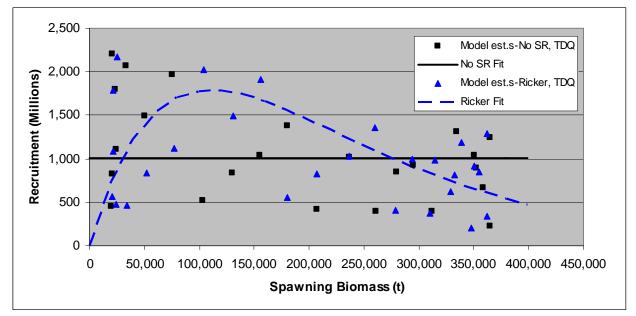


Figure 8.10. Comparison of the "No SR, TDQ" and "Ricker, TDQ" models using the estimated spawning stock biomass and recruitment (black squares: "No SR, TDQ"; blue triangles: "Ricker, TDQ") and the estimated stock-recruit functions (solid black line: "No SR, TDQ"; dashed blue line: "Ricker, TDQ"). The stock-recruit functions were estimated using the model year classes 1977–2003.

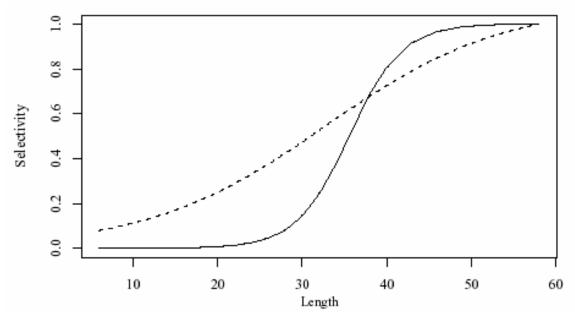


Figure 8.11. Estimated fishery (solid line) and survey (dashed line) selectivity-by-length curves.

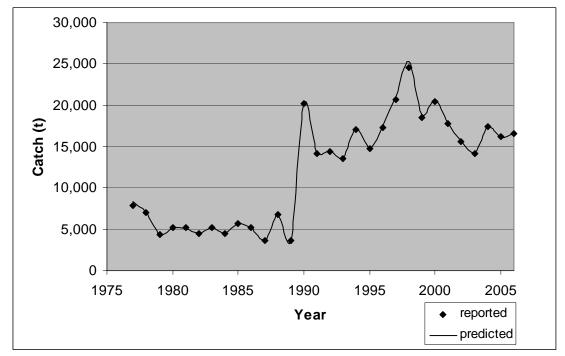


Figure 8.12. Predicted and observed fishery catches from 1977-2006. Predicted catch = solid line, reported catch = diamond symbols.

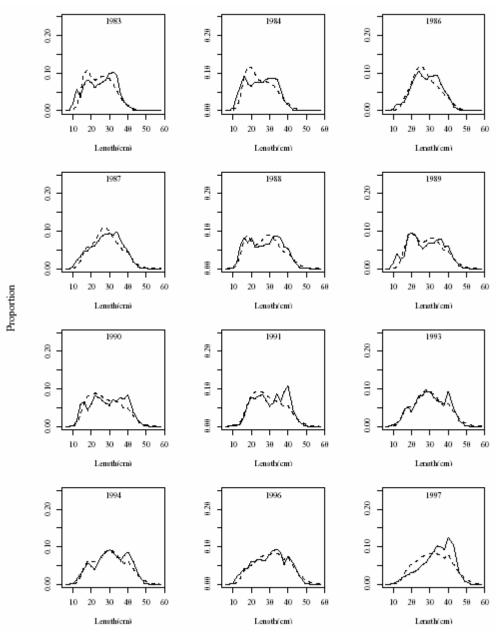


Figure 8.13. Model fit to female survey length composition by year. Solid line = observed length composition, dashed line = model fit.

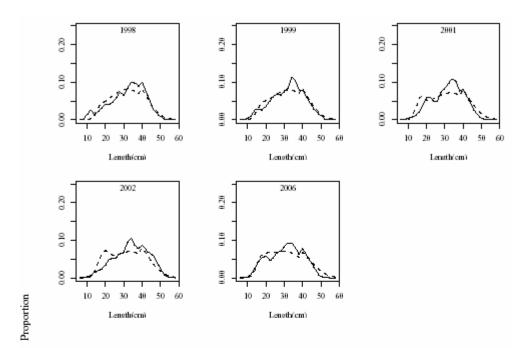


Figure 8.13 (cont.).

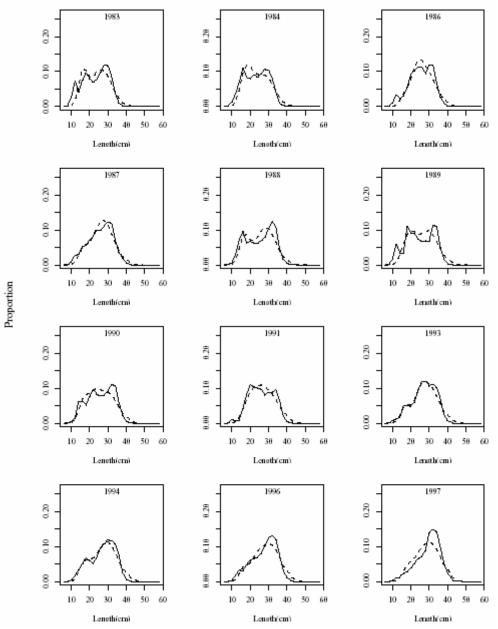


Figure 8.14. Model fit to male survey length composition by year. Solid line = observed length composition, dashed line = model fit.

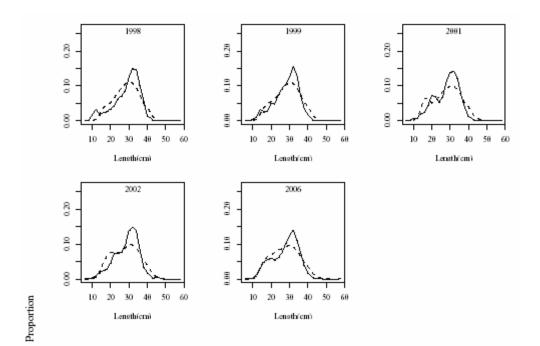


Figure 8.14 (cont.).

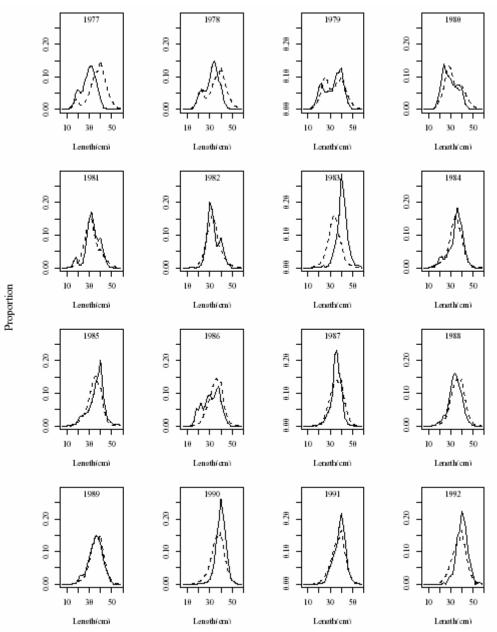


Figure 8.15. Model fit to female fishery length composition by year. Solid line = observed, dotted line = predicted.

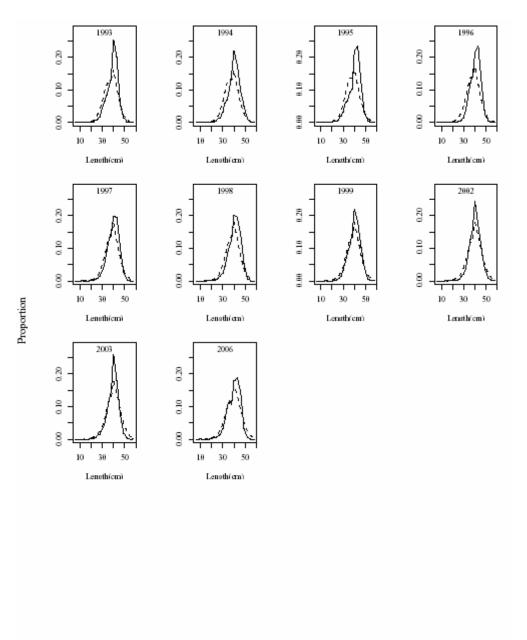


Figure 8.15 (cont.).

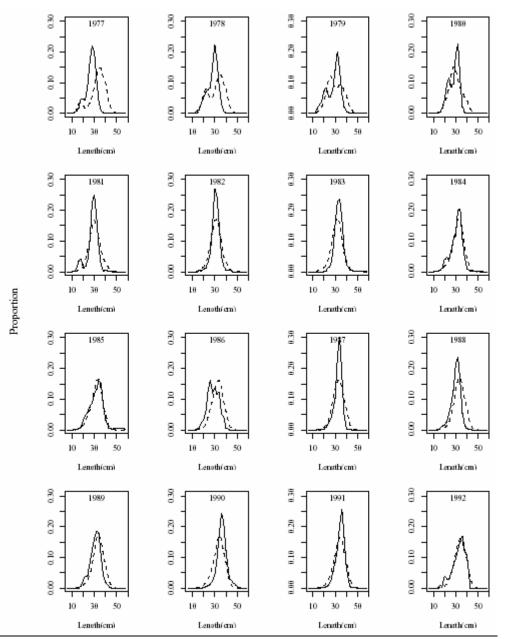


Figure 8.16. Model fit to male fishery length composition by year. Solid line = observed, dotted line = predicted.

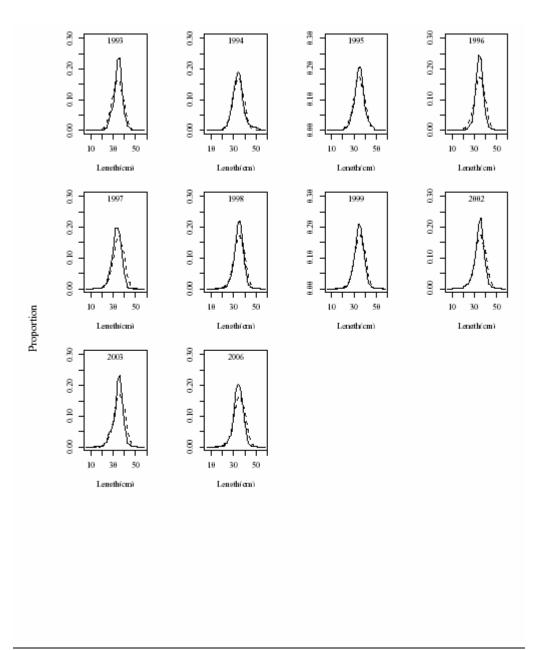


Figure 8.16 (cont.).

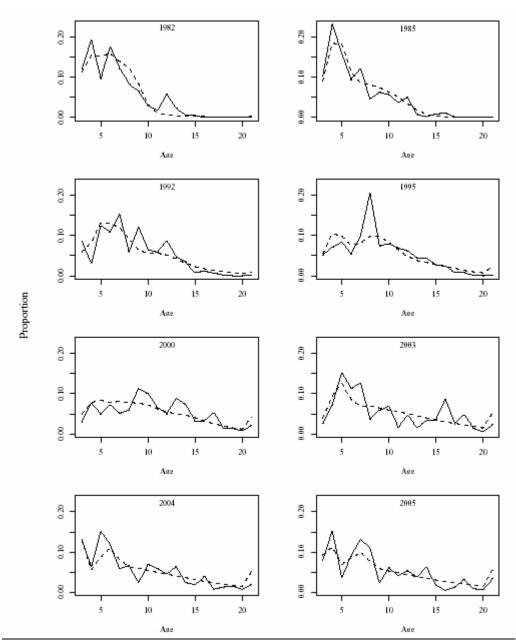
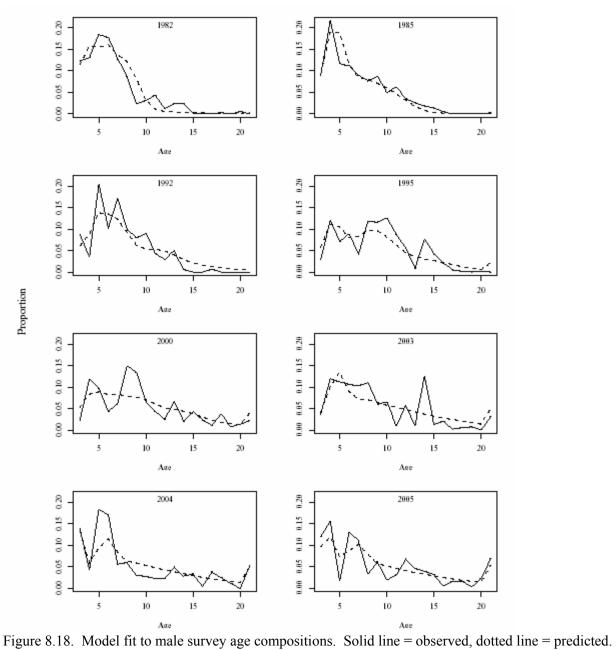


Figure 8.17. Model fit to female survey age compositions. Solid line = observed, dotted line = predicted.



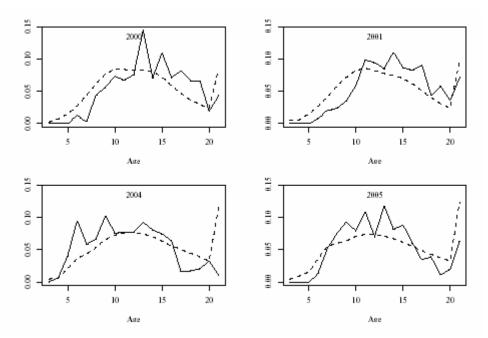


Figure 8.19. Model fit to female fishery age compositions. Solid line = observed, dotted line = predicted.

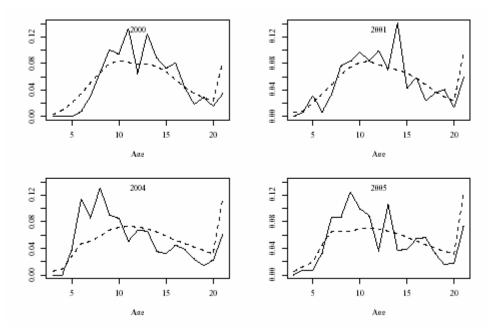


Figure 8.20. Model fit to male fishery age compositions. Solid line = observed, dotted line = predicted.

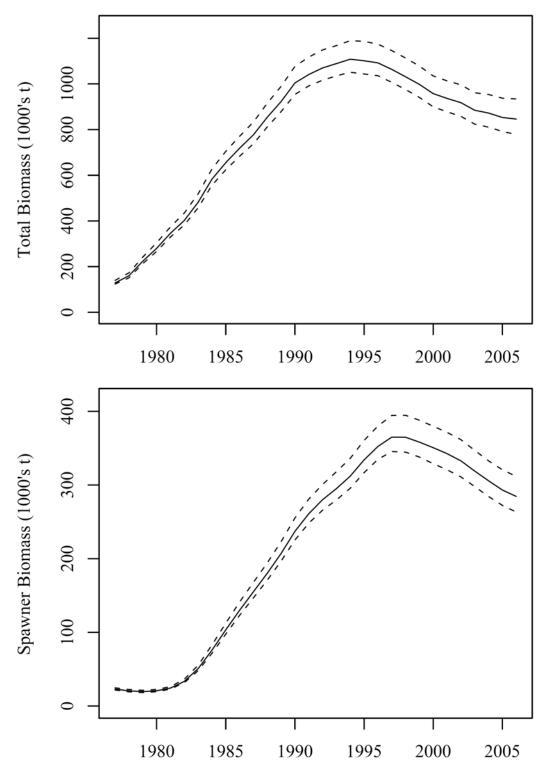


Figure 8.21. Total and spawner biomass for BSAI flathead sole, with 95% confidence intervals from MCMC integration.

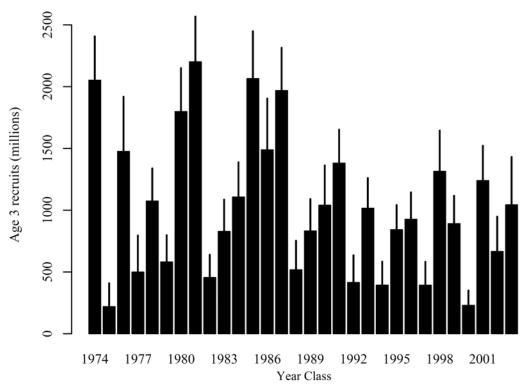


Figure 8.22. Estimated recruitment (age 3) of BSAI flathead sole, with 95% confidence intervals obtained from MCMC integration.

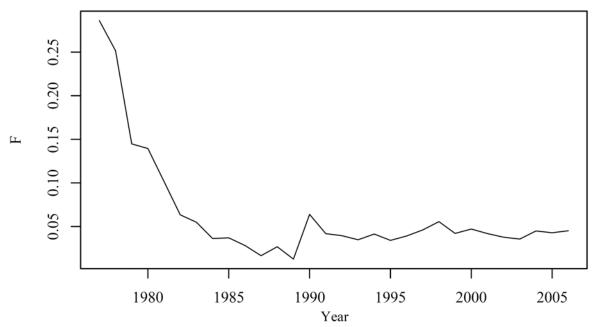
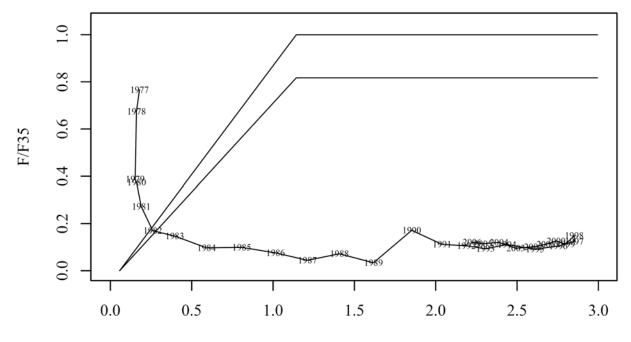


Figure 8.23. Estimated fully-selected fishing mortality rate for BSAI flathead sole.



B/B35

Figure 8.24. The ratio of estimated fully-selected fishing mortality (F) to  $F_{35\%}$  plotted against the ratio of model spawning stock biomass (B) to  $B_{35\%}$  for each model year. Control rules for ABC (lower line) and OFL (upper line) are also shown.

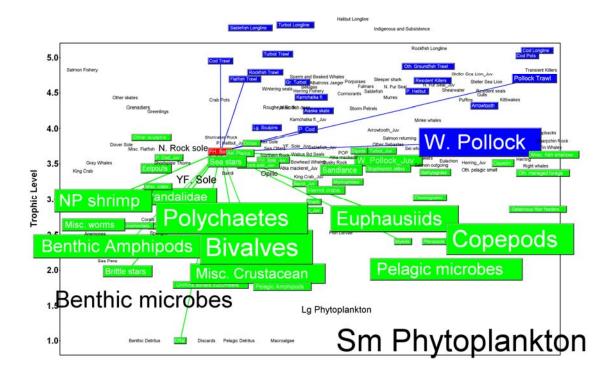


Figure 8.25. Ecosystem links to adult flathead sole in the eastern Bering Sea (based on diet data from the early 1990s). Green boxes: prey groups; blue boxes: predator groups. Box size reflects group biomass. Lines indicate significant linkages.

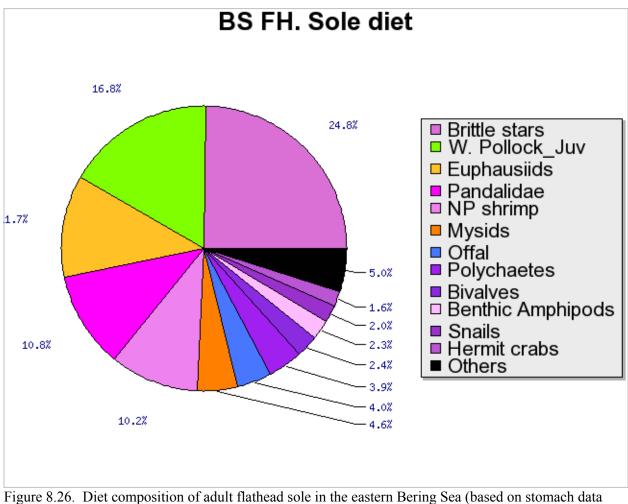


Figure 8.26. Diet composition of adult flathead sole in the eastern Bering Sea (based on stomach data collected in the early 1990s).

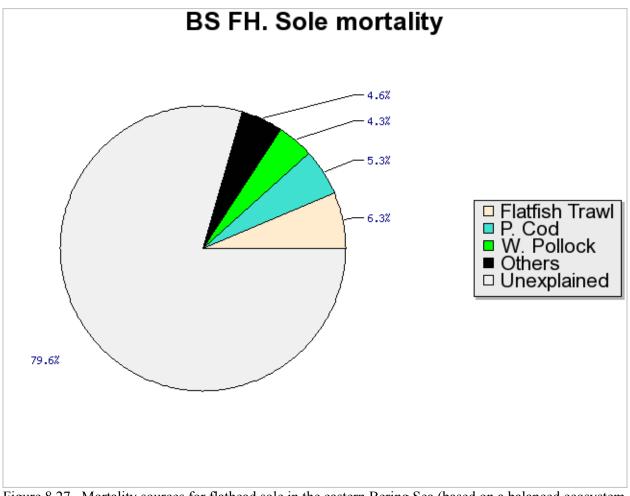


Figure 8.27. Mortality sources for flathead sole in the eastern Bering Sea (based on a balanced ecosystem model for the eastern Bering Sea in the early 1990s).